The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞ No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

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POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

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The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1884.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVIII, NO 36
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL XLVIII, NO 28

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M	2M	3M	6M	1Y
One inch	$2.00	$2.50	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	8.00	13.00
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Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
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N. U. FUNK,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over 1st National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association.
Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN.
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Pensions and Bounties Collected.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.

C. B. BROWCKAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
ALSO
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in his building opposite Court House, 2nd floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. apr 13 '83

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law,
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.

A. K. OSWALD,
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Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
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RHAWN & ROBINS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
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Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

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Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞ Office first door below the post office.

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C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building.

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Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
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By ex-Gov. Dorsheimer, of N. Y., member of U. S. Congress, and Hon. W. U. Hensel, Chairman of Dem. State Com. of Pa., intimate friends of C. & H. It is the most reliable, interesting and richly illustrated, hence in immense demand. Agents are coining money. It has fine steel portraits, sells fastest and pays best. Beware of unreliable, catchpenny books. Write to
Hubbard Bros., 723 Chestnut St., Phila.
Aug 8-4w

WANTED AT ONCE a representative of good address to travel through COLUMBIA County with Valuable works for special classes of business men and mechanics who understand and need them, giving their orders at sight; profits liberal, easy and quick; can refer to gentlemen clearing $25 to $50 a week who are pleased with the work; only $10 capital required; write for particulars if you mean business; give age, trade or previous employment and references. Palliser, Palliser & Co., Vanderbilt Ave., New York.
Aug 8-4w

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In the NEW catalogue of the TRENTON Business College.
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Medical Superintendent of the Sanitarium.
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Bloomsburg, Pa.,
Devotes special attention to Epilepsy, Nervous Affections, and Diseases of Women.
Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment.
P. S.—No charge for first consultation.
apr 27, '83

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Plumber and gas fitter. Rear of Schuyler's hardware store.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
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All kinds of fittings for steam, gas and water pipes constantly on hand.
Roofing and spouting attended to at short notice.
Tinware of every description made to order.
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Special attention given to heating by steam and hot water.
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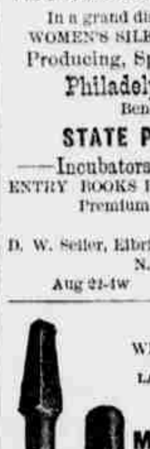
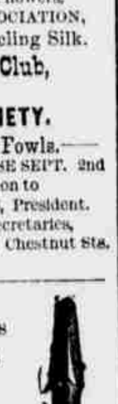
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Office in Columbian building, 2nd floor.
To be open at all hours during the day
Nov. 23-1y

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CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
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These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
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The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

9000!! Agents wanted DOUBLE QUICK! to sell the First AUTHENTIC Biographies of
BLAINE & LOGAN
By H. J. Ramsdell, Esq., Mr. Blaine's intimate friend and personal choice, and Ben Perley Poore, for 18 years an officer of the U. S. Congress. 5,000 outfits ordered within a week. Agents coining money. Is in immense demand because the most Reliable, Interesting and Richly Illustrated; fine steel portraits; first out, sells fastest. Beware of unreliable books. Write to Hubbard Bros., Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa. 7-8-4wr

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. Dec 21-1y

1884. PENNA. STATE FAIR. 1884.
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BROAD ST, AND LEHIGH AVE.
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$41,000 In Premiums for
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Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society
with the co-operation of the
STATE HORTICULTURAL ASSOCIATION, AND PENNSYLVANIA HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY,
In a grand display of fruits and flowers,
WOMEN'S SILK CULTURE ASSOCIATION,
Producing, Spinning and Reeling Silk.
Philadelphia Kennel Club,
Bench Show of Dogs,
STATE POULTRY SOCIETY.
—Incubators and Domestic Fowls.—
ENTRY BOOKS POSITIVELY CLOSE SEPT. 2nd
Premium Lists on application to
JAMES MILES, President.
D. W. Seiler, Elbridge McConkey, Secretaries,
N. W. Cor. 10th and Chestnut Sts.
Aug 22-4w


AGENCY OF
WILEY & RUSSELL'S
LABOR SAVING TOOLS
&
MACHINERY.
Head Quarters for Iron, Steel, Horseshoes Nails and Wagon Makers' and Blacksmiths' Supplies.
Israel Bittenbender,
Store & Warerooms 28 Franklin Ave., also warerooms 111 Franklin Ave., and 105 Centre street.
SCRANTON PA.
may 23 1y


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By Chauncy F. Black, Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania. Our book will contain facts to be found in no other, besides a complete history of the Democratic party, with ALL its platforms; sketches of the lives of all the Presidents; the women of the White House; protective tariff; revenue reform; electoral vote; home life of the President, and a full life of HENDRICKS
Ours is the best, most accurate, cheapest, and sells most largely. Send 50 cents for outfit at once.
THAYER, MERRIAM & CO., 833 Arch St., Philad'a.
7-8-10w

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned Administrators of the estate of Isaac Leidy, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises, on

Saturday, Sept. 20th, 1884.

at 1 o'clock p. m. the following described real estate, to-wit: All that certain tract of land situate in Hemlock township, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the South by lands of D. B. Wagner, on the east by lands of Evan Thomas, on the north by lands of Thomas Hickey and Miles Ohl, and on the west by lands of Thomas Hickey and ———Brobst, containing

111 Acres and 84 Perches,
whereon are erected a two-story
DWELLING HOUSE

bank barn, straw sheds, wagon sheds, corn cribs, and all necessary outbuildings. There is a good spring of never-failing water at the door. A good apple orchard. Peaches, cherries, plumbs, and a variety of other fruits. Deed at the expense of the purchaser. All grain in the ground and personal property on the premises reserved. Possession given April 1, 1885.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year therafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

WM. P. LEIDY, E. D. LEIDY, } Adm'rs.

Vandersllce, Att'y.

Good Pay for Agents. $100 to $200 per mo. made selling our Grand New History, Famous and Decisive Battles of the World. Write to J. C. McCurdy & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
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Health and Happiness.
How? DO AS OTHERS HAVE DONE.

Are your Kidneys disordered?
"Kidney Wort brought me from my grave, as it were, after I had been given up by 13 best doctors in Detroit." M. W. Deveraux, Mechanic, Ionia, Mich.

Are your nerves weak?
"Kidney Wort cured me from nervous weakness &c. after I was not expected to live."—Mrs. M. M. B. Goodwin, Ed. Christian Monitor, Cleveland, O.

Have you Bright's Disease?
"Kidney Wort cured me when my water was just like chalk and then like blood."
Frank Wilson, Peabody, Mass.

Suffering from Diabetes?
"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I have ever used. Gives almost immediate relief."
Dr. Phillip C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.

Have you Liver Complaint?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of chronic Liver Diseases after I prayed to die."
Henry Ward, late Col. 69th Nat. Guard, N. Y.

Is your Back lame and aching?
"Kidney-Wort, (1 bottle) cured me when I was so lame I had to roll out of bed."
C. M. Tallmage, Milwaukee, Wis.

Have you Kidney Disease?
"Kidney-Wort made me sound in liver and kidneys after years of unsuccessful doctoring. Its worth $10 a box."—Sam'l Hodges, Williamstown, West Va.

Are you Constipated?
"Kidney-Wort causes easy evacuations and cured me after 16 years use of other medicines."
Nelson Fairchild, St. Albans, Vt.

Have you Malaria?
"Kidney-Wort has done better than any other remedy I have ever used in my practice."
Dr. R. K. Clark, South Hero, Vt.

Are you Bilious?
"Kidney-Wort has done me more good than any other remedy I have ever taken."
Mrs. J. T. Galloway, Elk Flat, Oregon.

Are you tormented with Piles?
"Kidney-Wort permanently cured me of bleeding piles. Dr. W. C. Kline recommended it to me."
Geo. H. Horst, Cashier M. Bank, Myerstown, Pa.

Are you Rheumatism racked?
"Kidney-Wort cured me, after I was given up to die by physicians and I had suffered thirty years."
Elbridge Malcolm, West Bath, Maine.

Ladies, are you suffering?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of peculiar troubles of several years standing. Many friends use and praise it." Mrs. H. Lamoreaux, Isle La Motte, Vt.

If you would Banish Disease and gain Health, Take
KIDNEY-WORT
THE BLOOD CLEANSER.

CASTORIA
for
Infants and Children

What gives our Children rosy cheeks,
What cures their fevers, makes them sleep;
Castoria.
When Babies fret, and cry by turns,
What cures their colic, kills their worms,
Castoria.
What quickly cures Constipation,
Sour Stomach, Colds, Indigestion;
Castoria.
Farewell then to Morphine Syrups,
Castor Oil and Paregoric, and
Hail Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to Children that I recommend it as superior to any medicine known to me."—H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CENTAUR LINIMENT
An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An instantaneous Pain-reliever.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LAURA J. PATTEN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Laura J. Patten, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.
E. H. LITTLE,
Aug 29 Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ANNA F. EVANS, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Jno. W. Evans, administrator of said estate, will sit at the office of C. B. Jackson attorney at Berwick, Pa. on Saturday Sept. 13th 1884 at 9 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested in said estate must appear and present their claims and those indebted to the same to make payment to the undersigned without delay.
R. R. LITTLE.
Aug 15-4 w Auditor.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, and will be presented to the said Court, on the fourth Monday of September A. D. 1884, and confirmed after the fourth day of said term unless exception be filed within that time.

The first and final account of Clinton Ellis committee of Sarah Miller a lunatic.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Prothy.
F. B. HARTMAN, Deputy.
Bloomsburg Pa., Aug., 20th 1884. Aug 22-4w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CLINTON MELICK LATE OF MT. PLEASANT TWP. COL. CO. DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Clinton Melick, deceased, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Columbia county Penna., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned executrix. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay. MARY M. MELICK,
Aug. 18th 1884 Executrix.
Aug 22-6w

THE COMPLETE HOME. Agents Wanted for this beautiful book. New edition.—New bindings.—New illustrations from new designs. Superbly gotten up. Same low price. Adapted to all classes. Sells at sight. Agents doing big work. EXCELLENT TERMS. The handsomest prospectus ever issued. Apply now. BRADLEY, GARRETSON & CO., 66 North 4th St. Philadelphia, Pa. Also other grand new books and Bibles.
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BITTERS
Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility.
A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by medicine dealers every where. Directions in eleven languages. PRICE, $1.00.
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's, Buffalo, N.Y.

SELECT STORY.

A STORY SUGGESTED BY THE PICTURE GALLERY OF AN ANCIENT HOUSE.

I sat in the dull, still, lonely house, long after the early dinner hour, waiting for some one to come in and break the oppressive silence. I would have welcomed anything that could have been called sound. Nothing to be heard during the long, quiet hours but the ticking of the great clock, and louder still, the great cathedral notes of my own heart, which beat so that I could hear every pulsation as it rang out the assurance that I "still lived."

Suddenly I seemed to have a desire to look on the family portraits which hung, not in a gallery, but all along the walls of the long, dim hall. The afternoon was chilly and damp, and so dark from an approaching shower that the large room in which I had beet sitting was filled with the shadows which were thrown upwards from the lights, for even at that season the hearth at my grandfather's was never cold.

I knew that the history of all these dumb yet eloquent beings of the past, save one—for many, many hours had been spent in my childhood wandering up and down their staircase, with my little hand enfolded in my grandfather's, whose own portrait was among them. I remember how difficult it was to associate the bent and aged form, the silver hair and sunken eyes, with the broad shoulders, bright chestnut curls and flashing orbs depicted on the canvas. It was a great mystery to my childish mind—the great mystery of nature, and though recognized by us all, is yet unsolved. This strange, mysterious principle of decay, acting upon that only which is breathing and sentient; never renewing itself, but waiting year after year, while only the inanimate grows fresh with each returning spring.

It was not to my grandfather, however, that I owed my entire knowledge of the pictured forms. That would have been too far beyond my comprehension, that inner history of their lives. But so much time had I spent with him there, and so intimate had I become with them, for he had always called them by their names, as though they were living beings, that it only made me yearn for a deeper revelation of their lives as I grew to appreciate such histories.

To his daughter, a woman of strong cultivated mind, but from some sorrow in hear early life, of somewhat melancholy, perhaps morbid, tendency, I learned to fill up the outline which father had only begun; and at fifteen the portraits had a charm for me beyond description.

"And this is the one called Margaret," I said to my aunt, as she came in and carefully wiped the light dust from the pictures.

She turned upon me with an inquiring glance.

"How do you know?" she said quickly.

"Because grandfather always said to that picture, 'Good morning, Margaret;' sometimes it was 'dear Margaret,'" I answered.

She sighed and tried to turn the subject, but I could see that she glared at the portrait several times, and them at me. At length she said:

"You are really getting to be a young lady, Helena! It seems so strange. You have always seemed so very childish until now! It is only this month back that I have noticed that you are as tall as I am." She paused a moment, and then resumed: "I used to think that you resemble this very picture, but your mother would never allow me to sayso."

I longed to ask why, but there was something about her that prevented me, especially as I had frequently noticed with wonder that this portrait, although the best by far in the collection both in the face itself and the artistic merit, was placed in a corner of the staircase in a bad light, and with every appearance of neglect or want of appreciation. It was now only that I saw it to advantage, and that was because the whole staircase was darkened by the passing thunder storm, and the skylight at the top of the long upper hall blew off, and the red lightning streamed upon the pictures. I had been gazing at them as I paced the hall, for in thunder showers I was ever unquiet and restless, and I was often attracted to the "Margaret" that it was no marvel that at that moment my eyes should have been fixed on that face instead of any other.

That momentary gleam! How it electrified me; not as usual, with fear and affright, but with a new perception of its effect upon others. I had seen "Margaret" as I should never, probably, see her again. I never thought of the rain that streamed down in torrents through the open aperture above me. I scarcely heard Aunt Esther, who was calling "Helena!" at the very top of her shrill voice, and whom I saw, as I looked up, busy with tubs and pails to catch the inundation.

I only watched for another gleam, and I did not watch altogether in vain; but the second was a pale, white streak that gave a strange beauty, too mournful to make me wish for it again; and I ran into my room, shut the door and threw myself on to the bed while tears flowed from my eyes.

Aunt Esther came dustling in, startled from her usual moody state by the passing storm. "Mercy, Helena!" she exclaimed, in a voice that came sharp and ringing to my ear; "why don't you come and help us to stop the rain?"

I laughed outright through my tears. "Can you stop it, aunty?" said I.

She caught sight of the glitter on my wet cheek and was checked in a moment from the almost angry words she about to utter. "My poor child," she said, "you are really frightened; lie still dear, and I will come to you as soon as the man gets the skylight closed again."

When, half an hour later, she came to my bedside I was just waking from a dream in which Aunt Esther was standing on the edge of the roof in the act of throwing "Margaret" into a large cistern in the street, and I was holding out my hands to break its fall.

"Don't throw it, aunt!" I screamed out to her, and awoke to see her covering me with a warm blanket, for she saw that I waschilled and trembling.

"Now, aunt, tell about that picture, I have seen it by this lightning, as I shall never see it again, and I want to know its history."

She made some feint of not being willing, but I do believe that she was dying to relate it to me. The shower was not yet over. It was nearly dark, and the low, black clouds still came rolling upward, and the long, muttering sounds of the thunder were still heard, and a sharp flash of lightning came, making me wish that I could again gaze on the picture. But the skylight was replaced, and the heavy boards were nailed down over it more securely, for no one in the house ever thought of keeping it open to light the pictures below.

Aunt Esther placed herself in the large flowered easy-chair which had been my dear mother's when she was living. Her tall, thin prim figure rose up straight and perpendicular, and her long, meagre hands were folded on her lap. Her hair was folded plainly over her forehead, and was still, in some places, dark and glossy, but just above the temples there were two large spots of silvery whiteness, that looked as if two snow-hands had been pressed there to hide something aching beneath.

"I do not know that I can tell you all that you wish to know, Helena," she at length said. "There is little use of recalling memories that are so sad as this, and you are too young to understand all the bearings of this unfortunate history; but your curiosity is now excited and I will gratify it.

My heart beat high with expectation. I had read many romantic tales—but there was that could actually be told by lips—something, too, that was connected with a mystery, of my family at least, and I experienced a new and delightful sensation.

I cannot give any idea of it in my aunt's language, for so fearful was she of approaching it too nearly, so vaguely did she talk of persons and subjects in connection with it, and so often did I question her of matters without which being explained I could not grasp any meaning to her words, that I prefer telling it in my own abrupt and blunt way.

Margaret, then, was the sister of my grandfather, the only and idolized daughter of the family—the pet of four or five brothers, all older than herself—the graceful, beautiful, accomplished representative of the female part of the Greenwood household.

That she should be petted and idolized was not strange, for no lovelier being had ever dawned upon humanity—no brighter, happier impersonation of youth, intellect and graceful beauty ever beamed upon a household than Margaret Greenwood.

All that wealth could procure was lavished upon her enjoyment; all that love could devise was poured out like water at her feet. Throughout the household Margaret's comfort and happiness were the engrossing themes. In trifles, as in things of magnitude, there was a positive passion to minister to her gratification. Not a dress did she hang upon her dainty little person that was not imported especially for use. Not an ornament graced her that ever saw the light of an American jewel case. Copely painted her, it was true; bat Copely was the prince of portrait painters at that period, and his pictures will ever be recognized as perfect in individual expression; possessing an inimitable charm of attitude, an indescribable beauty of coloring, and though last but not least, an adoption of costume combining the richest material with the most faultless simplicity in its shaping; reproducing only those classic methods of drapery which are ever new and beautiful. There are few families which would not like to boast of ancestral paintings from the hand of Lord Lyndburst's father.

Well, Margaret's husband must be imported, too; and when Walter Greenwood (my grandfather) returned from Edinburg, where he had finished his education, he brought with him young Leonard Bruce, and at 16 Margaret was betrothed to him. Never was a more perfect match to all appearances. Both were surpassingly handsome, both highly intellectual. Each had a certain individuality of look, character, expression, so different from all others around them, and so well in keeping with each other. And yet Margaret did not love him. She was blinded to her own true feelings by the state of things around her. Her sudden and evident admiration, her brother's enthusiastic friendship for him, the interest which he excited in all who saw him, gave a sort of blind compulsion to her conduct in consenting to become his wife, and she tacitly allowed the preparation for her marriage to proceed. It was celebrated with all the parade which could be brought to bear upon it, and envy itself admired what it did not dare to deprecate.

Margaret was queenly in her marriage robes; but her eye did not once turn with a confiding glance to the noble figure by her side. There was an element plainly wanting, which, when present, sanctifies the simplest bridal—absent, the grandest ceremonial sinks into a falsehood.

It was a heavy stroke to the family when they found that Leonard Bruce determined to take his wife to Scotland. They had never dreamed of it. Walter Greenwood had always supposed that he would settle in America for Leonard had always favored the supposition. But after a few months of journeying, and corresponding time of rest and enjoyment, he languished for his native hills, and before the autumn had ripened to golden grain, they were on their way to Scotland.

A few short letters from Margaret told them from time to time of her prosperity, of the beauty of her Scottish home, of the sweet poetic associations which it recalled and strengthened; but never of her happiness. Children were born in that home, whom she described with all the intensity of a mother's deep, unfailing, earnest devotion; but for the father and husband, no word had ever been written except in the most casual and indifferent manner. After a few years there was an evident bitterness, and even contemptuousness, in her slight reference to him which could not but pain those who loved her. Walter resolved to visit her, and after a few months' absence he, too, returned, sad and evidently distressed, but inexorably silent as to his sister's appearance or apparent state of mind. Loving his sister as he did, it was not possible that he could still his trouble heart while there was a shadow over her, and finding it impossible to forbear showing some, at least, of his real feelings at home, he went to England.

He was crossing the channel from Dover to Calais, when he observed two figures on board, one of which reminded him of Margaret. The lady was evidently disguised, for various unnecessary mufflings shrouded her person, and her face was enveloped in a thick veil; but the graceful turn of the head could not be concealed, and that was Margaret's. Walter almost fainted, but in a moment he laughed at himself for his absurd fears, and withdrew without having been seen.

A second time he saw them, and she was leaning on the arm of her companion and evidently weeping. Her hand pressed to her eyes, outside of her sister's! And yet again he suffered himself to be in the presence of this mysterious group without ascertaining if he knew them.

But this man! What could he have in common with his gentle sister Margaret? It was true there was a degree of gentleness in his evident care of her, in his attempts to hush her tears, in the gentle folding of his arm about her waist, as if to protect her; but as he rose to his feet to order water to be brought to her Walter saw that he was one of those tall, gaunt, stern-looking men such as are rarely seen at their full height and somewhat coarse and massive frames, except in Scotland. What could he be to Margaret Bruce?

Walter attributed his own fancies to his disturbed feelings about Margaret. His ideas were all the more unpleasant because he could give them no form. His picture of Margaret's life had not risen into any shape, but a dim, foreboding consciousness of evil filled his mind, and when he landed in Calais he was nervous, worried and exhausted by his own vague and restless emotions.

A few weeks in Paris had a sedative effect upon his mind. The thoughtless, careless gayety of the Parisians infected him also, and with youth, health and wealth to enjoy, he became the life of the circles in which he moved.

One night at a masked ball, he experienced a renewal of his uneasiness at the sight of a figure whose height reminded him of the Scotchman. Again with him was the lady whose motions had seemed so much like Margaret's, and again he saw her hand. It was like his sister's and had the same shell-shaped nails which in hers had been so often admired. There was not a single jewel upon it, not even a circlet of plain gold, but high up on her arm, as it was revealed by the falling back of the sleeve, was a broad band of gold, so pure and fine that it needed no clasp to retain it in its place. Walter remembered that he had folded just such a band around his sister's arm on the night of her marriage, and she had playfully promised that it should always be worn.

Himself closely concealed by his mask, he availed himself of her companion's momentary absence to address her in English. His first accents seemed to penetrate her to the heart, for she uttered a faint shriek and fell to the floor. A dense crowd thickened around her, effectually barring the entrance of the tall figure which stood by the door. He had apparently no apprehension that the lady who was fainting was his companion, and he made no attempt to pass. Had he done so it would not have been easy to prevent him, for his powerful frame could have forced a way through the crowd of agile and slender Parisians with small efforts on his part. Walter tore off the lady's mask, and the long, beautiful hair fell down in rippling waves below her waist. It was Margaret! Without waiting for her to revive he took her in his arms, bore her, unresisted, to the street, and placed her in the first carriage that offered. She did not awake from that death-like swoon until she was carried to a chamber, and then she revived to see only Walter. He forbore to question her then, but waited until she was fully restored, and a violent burst of grief had relieved her. Then she sat in calmness until he should speak to her. She did not dare to ask him a question, but her eyes watched the door as if she expected some one to enter.

"He will never come, Margaret, you will see him never more," said Walter; "or if he indeed should enter here I would like to kill him upon the threshold."

Margaret shuddered, and then she arose from the bed, and falling on her knees before her brother she faltered out her long, sad confession, her penitence and her sorrow. They were words that burned into that proud brother's heart most deeply, but they were never again uttered by her to any human being, and never repeated by him. He crossed the seas again, with the wreck of what was his sister, and bore her to his home once more. Leonard Bruce and his children were there. He could not bear the solitude of his desecrated home, and he had come to leave his little ones with those who would love them, and then to become a wanderer.

Margaret was dying. It was touching to witness her meeting with her children; but to Leonard she was impenetrable silent. Melted by her sufferings; by the approach of her death which seemed now so inevitable; by the love he had lavished on her and could not now subdue; by the perfect, the wondrous beauty which stole over her face, he poured out his forgiveness and his assurance of his returned affection. She heard him, and turning her eyes to the wall she uttered a single word—"Hector." It was the last.

Leonard Bruce and Walter left the country again together, and wandered in foreign lands for two years. When they returned, the children were transferred to their father's care again, for Margaret's parents no longer lived, and he had brought home a second mother—an English girl, poor, of simple habits, and only beautiful because she was sweet tempered and unassuming; and to her watchful and tender love the orphans owed unutterable but deeply felt thanks. Her picture hangs on the staircase beside that of her husband. I have only one thing more to add My quiet, melanchoyy, sober Aunt Esher, was the daughter of Margaret Bruce

Pounding Blaine.

A TERRIBLE ARRAIGNMENT BY A PROMINENT REPUBLICAN OF WISCONSIN.

A letter from ex-Congressman Pound, of Chippewa Falls, in which the writer says he will oppose Mr. Blaine and support Governor Cleveland for the Presidency, was made public last week. Mr. Pound is perhaps the most distinguished republican in Wisconsin, and his opposition to Mr. Blaine will cause a profound sensation throughought the northwest. He has for years been an unwavering leader in the republican party, always supportioing the entire ticket, and has been very prominent in its councils for 20 years. He was a leading member of the state legislature in 1864, 1866, 1867 and 1869. He was elected lieutenant governor in 1869, and was in 1876 elected to congress from the eighth district, then embracing more than half the area of Wisconsin. He served three terms of congress, taking a prominent part. He was chairman of the Committee on Public Lands in the Forty-seventh congress. At the end of his third term he voluntarily retired from public life to devote himself to private enterprise. His repudiation of Mr. Blaine proceeds from no personal grievance or disappointment, but from a firm conviction that the republican nominee is not the man for the place. Mr. Pound has thousands of friends in Wisconsin. He was a close friend of Garfield, and was strongly urged for a cabinet position. Following is Mr. Pound's letter:

MILWAUKEE, Aug 25, 1884.—*Gen. E. D. Bryant, Madison*—MY DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 23rd inst. asking an expression of my views of the political situation, is recived. So many friends of varied political bias have addressed me in person and by letter touching my attitude on the presidential question that I am constrained to make a pretty full response to your kind inquiry, with permission to publish the same if you deem it wise to do so.

After much earnest and soliictous deliberation I deem it to be my duty, while abating naught of loyalty to the republican party, but rather to promote its true purpose and strengthen it for future good work, to support the democratic nominee, Governor Cleveland, for president at the approaching election. My judgment disagrees with, and my conscience rebels against, the action of the republican convention in the nomination of Mr. Blaine, and without arrogating for myself wisdom superior to a majority of representative republicans convened to voice the determination of my party, I am compelled to obey my own best judgment and sense of duty in this single and extraordinary instance. Being a life-long republican and the recipient of many distinguished honors, state and national, it is due my political associates, so often my cordial supporters, and myself that the reasons for departure from conventional co-operation be frankly stated.

No one will deny that the essential worth, if not the perpetuity of the republic, depends upon the maintenance of political and personal integrity as well as prudence and justice in its legislative, judicial and administrative branches. It is true that detection and correction of crookedness and infidelity of the executive branch of our government are most difficult while long uninterrupted control is certain to invite abuse of power and opportunity. The republican party has enjoyed nearly twenty-four years of continuous administrative authority, and while its history is resplendent with glorious achievments and hallowed by memories of unrivaled statemenship, patriotism and prowess, there have crept into its human machinery many grevious abuses and ailment, demanding correction and cure, which may or may not be accomplished by the party in which they are engendered. Happily the work of purification and reform has been progressing most satisfactorily within our party under the present chief magistrate, and with such eminent success as to command the unexampled approval of the press, the people and our party, expressed through state conventions and by the republican national conventionin the exordinary declaration that "We believe his eminent services are entitled to and will receive the hearty approval of every citizen." What, then, does the party owe the country and itself? Manifestly, the continuance of the faithful servant. Common honesty and a decent recognition of fidelity and wisdom demand it. Little short of hypocrisy would deny it. But being denied, the alternate should be a man whose public life is a guarantee that the good work will go on. He should be the highest and best type of political integrity, statesmanship and republican principles.

Mr. Blaine is not such a man, but, in my opinion, embodies most in American politics that is menacing to public morals and integrity in government. With a long public career, mainly distinguished for a sort of declamatory and pugilistic statecraft, he is not the inspiration of a single valuable policy or the author of an important statute, but, on the contrary, has often suggested and supported unwise and bad and opposed good legislation. With a record clouded by suspicion and accusation of jobbery and corruption undefended, he brings to us personal antagonisms which have torn and weakened our party in the past, invading the administration of the lamented Garfield with demands of personal vengeance so virulent as to inflame the spirit of assassination and culminating in the defeat of Judge Folger and consequent election of Grover Cleveland governor of the Empire state. Mr. Blaine's friends justified their defiection, which defeated a most excellent man, by the plea of fraud in one proxy at the state convention. Such excuse pales to whiteness when compared with the dishonorable methods employed to secure Mr. Blaine's nomination. Here many delegates were treated as merchandise, to be bartered for wine, money or promise deliberative body, was converted into a howling pandemonium overflowed by the worst elements of Chicago, admitted without tickets.

But returning to the candidate. The acknowledged leader of his party at home (the pine tree prohibition state of Maine), he registers an ignominious defeat for his state only four years ago, pending the presidential campaign, so disheartening to our party's cause that only the timely and stalwart efforts of Grant and Conkling could have redeemed the field and secured Garfield's election—a work soon rewarded by the gallant knight when opportunity (as Garfield's adviser) was given him by dealing a cowardly blow from ambush to his old antagonist, Roscoe Conkling. Himself a speculator, enjoying a fortune too great to have been acquired by honest industry, legitimate business enterprise, or his country's service at $5,000 a year, he sympathizes with and profits by speculative stock-jobbers and gambling methods of acquiring wealth—methods which have brought ruin, disgrace, and business disaster beyond computation, schooled youth and pursuaded middle age to avoid honest and useful industry, made suicide and insanity commonplace, unsettled values, placed the fruits of honest toil in the power of the Goulds and Armours to bear down or bull up in the markets as whim or interest may dictate; methods which recently gave us but an exagerated illustration of their iniquitous consequences in the Grant & Ward fifteen-million-dollar failure and robbery.

Reference to Blaine's congressional record relating to subsidies, class legislation, corporate exactions, &c., will readily satisfy the honest inquirer of his uniform support of monopolies and indifference to the common weal. Little wonder that he omits in his letter to refer to or explain the cause of the great disparity in the distribution of this marvelous increase of wealth accumulated during the period he chooses for comparison; that he fails to note the fact that the one-three-hundredth part of the $44,000,000,000 is held by one man, while others rank little below, and his own palatial residence, commanding a rental of $11,000 a year, suggesting more than an an average per capita of wealth. Little wonder that he is silent on the subject of interstate commerce, the regulation of which is demanded by all producers and legitimate traders. Great corporate interests command non-interference. It was a lame defense of his devotion to improved civil service to cite the fact that during a long public service he only advised the removal of "four persons." The expert observer will conclude that the true betterment of the service demanded the removal of ten times four. He should have emphasized his position by noting the fidelity with which a horde of relatives have been constantly fed at the public crib, notably the favorite brother Bob, drawing pay for another's service. Nor will the citation of his pacific assurances to Mexico, quite cover up his South Bmerican policy and interference to protect the Landrau guano scheme. The death of his servant, Hurlburt, whom he feigned to rebuke, may serve to partially conceal the true inwardness of this affair, as did his garbled rendering of the Mulligan letters first mislead many charitable people touching the Little Rock bond job.

The disingenuousness of his letter of acceptance is further betrayed by its significant silence touching the events of the past three years. Bringing down his historic figures to the present would have revealed the fiction involved in his statements; would have shown a marvelous shrinkage in nominal values; would have noted the downfall of business prosperity and business morals, and would have pictured as few can do so graphically as he the furnace fires dying out, the wheels of factories standing still, wages reduced, beggary usurping the place of labor, bank and business failures, creditors and depositors wantonly defrauded, homes lost, and crookedness in public affairs. Mr. Blaine is objectionable furthermore for the company he keeps, for the friends he has made. Will the chief promoters of his nomination be his chief advisers, if elected? There's the rub. I need mention no names, but will suggest that the least objectionable of his pet supporters are the *Tribune's* supporters of Greely in 1872 and accusers of Blaine in 1876 and 1880, charging him with bribery and other penitentiary crimes.

With no pronounced issues between the two great parties, we can safely afford to yield temporary executive control at this time to an honest man, though he be a Democrat. And if grave questions of public policy were at issue, they cannot be determined by the executive. This is the prerogative of congress, the law-making branch, heretofore for a time and now under Democratic control. It is vastly more important to good government that the Republican party be restored to supremacy in congress, than that the administration of law be intrusted to an unworthy partisan surrounded by bad counsel. While Mr. Blaine is known to be unworthy, Governor Cleveland has demonstrated his fitness and worthiness for the position by his fidelity, ability and integrity in the discharge of his executive duties as mayor of Buffalo and governor of the great state of New York, and in my opinion a very large majority of intelligent and unprejudiced voters believe he should be elected. If one-half of the Republican voters who agree in this opinion have the courage of their convictions and vote conscientiously he will be triumphantly elected. The scandals affecting the domestic lives of all candidates should be committed to the political ghouls and hyenas.

While it is my fixed purpose to support Cleveland and Hendricks, it is no less my determination to support all fit and worthy nominees of the republican party for county, state and congressional positions. Regretting and deprecating the conditions which compel what will be denominated a bolt, I remain very truly,

THAD. C. POUND.

PICKLED APPLES.—Pear a peck of sweet apples, but leave them whole; take three pounds brown sugar, two quarts of vinegar, one half ounce each of cinnamon and cloves; mix together, boil part of the apples till they are tender, but not broken. Then take them out, beat the remainder of the vinegar and sugar well together, and pour over them. Seal up in bottles till wanted.

Why are fishermen and shepherds like beggars?—Because they live by hook and by crook.

"Why did you come here, asked a lady of a beggar, to which he proudly replied, "I didn't come here for want; I have plenty of that at home.

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1884.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
STEPHEN GROVER CLEVELAND,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,
OF INDIANA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE,
RICHARD VAUX, B. J. MCGRANN, H. B. PLUMER.

ELECTORS,

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	John Slevin.	15.	George S. Purdy.
2.	J. P. J. Sensenderfer.	16.	P. R. Ackley.
3.	John W. Lee.	17.	John P. Levan.
4.	H. J. Horan.	18.	Ezra D. Parker.
5.	R. L. Wright.	19.	E. W. Mumma.
6.	J. H. Brinton.	20.	A. H. Dill.
7.	Wm. Stahler.	21.	F. P. James.
8.	C. F. Reutschler.	22.	J. K. P. Duff.
9.	H. M. North.	23.	John Swan.
10.	H. G. Stiles.	24.	A. B. Winternitz.
11.	A. G. Broadhead.	25.	John H. Hill.
12.	F. V. Rockafellow.	26.	Wm. A. Forquer.
13.	Richard Rahn.	27.	A. J. Greenfield.
14.	George B. Irwin.		

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
W. W. H. DAVIS.

FOR CONGRESS.
DR. O. A. MEGARGELL,
OF ORANGEVILLE.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
A. L. FRITZ,
OF BLOOMSBURG.
WILLIAM BRYSON,
OF CENTRALIA.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
W. H. SNYDER,
OF ORANGE.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
G. W. STERNER,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.
P. A. EVANS,
OF MONTOUR TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
STEPHEN POHE
OF CENTRE TOWNSHIP.
WASHINGTON PARR,
OF FRANKLIN.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
ELI ROBBINS,
OF FISHINGCREEK.
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
OF CATAWISSA.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

The Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, requests each member of the Standing Committee to make an appointment of a Vigilance Committee for his election district, borough or township consisting of at least two members, in addition to the member of the Standing Committee, and in the larger districts three or four, as may be necessary, and the members of the Standing Committee will promptly within not more than one week send the name to the chairman.

GEO. E. ELWELL, Secretary. DAVID LOWENBERG, Chairman.

		Post Office.
Beaver	J. Rittenhouse,	Beaver Valley.
Berwick—E.	Isaiah Bower,	Berwick.
Berwick—W.	G. A. Carey,	Berwick.
Benton	G. W. Hirleman	Benton.
Bloom—E.	David Lowenberg,	Bloomsburg.
Bloom—W.	Geo. E. Elwell,	"
Briarcreek	M. L. Housknecht,	Willow Springs.
Catawissa	W. T. Creasy	Catawissa.
Centralia	D. F. Curry	Centralia.
Centre	Samuel Hidlay	Light Street.
Conyngham N.	John Brennan	Centralia.
Conyngham S.	John Monroe,	Ashland.
Fishingcreek	L. M. Creveling,	Van Camp.
Franklin	Daniel Loreman,	Pennsyl.
Greenwood	I. D. Patton,	Greenwood.
Hemlock	James Harris,	Buck Horn.
Jackson	S. W. McHenry,	Waller's.
Locust	J. Snyder,	Roaringcreek.
Madison	Miles Smith	Jerseytown.
Main	J. W. Kelchner,	Mainville.
Mifflin	D. H. Montgomery	Mifflinville.
Montour	O. A. Stonge	Grovania.
Mt. Pleasant	Jacob Gilbert	Canby.
Orange	C. W. Ammerman	Orangeville.
Pine	G. H. Gordner	Pine Summit.
Roaringcreek	James Knittle,	Mill Grove.
West Scott	G. P. Reighard,	Light Street.
East Scott	D. Geisinger	Espy.
Sugarloaf	W. B. Peterman,	Cole's Creek.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

Bloom E.—A. V. Hower, J. H. Maize, C. H. Campbell, J. B. Casey, C. W. Jones, Ed. Yost, Charles Hassert, and Jas. Sterner.
Bloom W.—F. D. Dentler, C. A. Kleim, Thomas Gorrey, R. R. Little, Clinton Sterling and W. W. Barrett.
Montour—Henry H. Keifer, Ed Wheeler.
S. Conyngham—Patrick Haley, Andrew Donahue.
Greenwood—Wm. Eyer, A. J. Derr, J. P. DeWitt.
Berwick E.—P. S. Hanley, A. D. Seeley, Samuel Chamberlain, Freeman Sitler and James Hayman.
Sugarloaf—W. A. Kile, A. K. Fritz, Wm. L. Hettinger.
Catawissa—E. M. Tewksbury, J. B. Robbins, Wm. Shuck.
Fishingcreek—T. H. Edgar, Lewis Beishline, W. J. Kreamer, J. M. Ammerman and W. N. Hosler.
Main—John A. Bowman J. J. Nuss, John A. Shuman.

The New York *Sun* which professes to shine for all, has been found to be deceiving the public. It sends out warmth only for its own favorite, Ben Butler. The people observe its hollow pretensions, and the *Sun* is fast being eclipsed. Judging from the meagre attendance at the Butler meeting last Saturday evening, which Mr. Dana was booming as the greatest demonstration ever to be held in New York city, the management will soon be compelled to resort to the scheme of the Philadelphia *Press* in order to keep up its circulation.

A communication appears in the *Republican* signed by "Democrat" and purporting to come from Light Street, charging certain candidates of the Democratic party with obtaining their nomination by the "expenditure of sums of money," &c. Either the writer is not a Democrat, or he is ignorant of the fact that the Democratic party of this county is well organized, and that we have rules for the government of the nominations. If he is a constant reader of the COLUMBIAN we refer him to our issue of April 4th, in which he can find the rules of the Democratic party. If this is not convenient, if he will call at this office we can supply him with a bound copy of the rules. We believe the charges are mere rumors, and not founded on facts. However, if we are wrong in this opinion, Mr. Democrat can lay his charges before the Standing Committee, who will take proper action. We will not shield any one who has violated the election laws in such a manner as to merit his withdrawal from the ticket. But we have a means for the correcting of all these evils within the party without resorting to the publication of anonymous communications in the columns of Republican journals. If such communications must be published let the writer's name be given, otherwise we will answer no such communications, as they appear like personal spleen, and have no more influence than between the writer and receiver of the communication. Let us have the truth in all things.

THE BUTLER FIZZLE.

Ben Butler's organ, the New York *Sun*, for several weeks past has been shouting that the Butler demonstration of last Saturday evening in New York city, was to be the largest assemblage in our history. They were arranging for an attendance of from twenty to thirty thousand people, of all parties, who were fast tumbling over to Butler. The meeting was called, and Butler had the satisfaction of speaking to less than one thousand people. He should be satisfied that even that number would sit and listen to his harangue of anti-monopoly ideas; when the inteligent laboring man is aware of Butler's income of $100,000 annually which he fails to lavish upon his much sought for labor voter. They canot lay the fault to the lack of interest manifested by the laboring man to public demonstration, because on Monday the labor unions of the city of New York held a demonstration, which was not political, and there were from twenty to twenty-five thousand in parade. If the meeting is a type of the Butler boom, (and the New York *Sun* heralded in advance that it was) we find he has come to be recognized as a grand fraud, and if extraordinary efforts are not put forth from this until election day he will have a hard time to poll the small vote of 360,000 that Weaver polled in 1880.

To be Sued for Libel.

It is rumored that Gen. Butler, the inevitable, is going to sue L. Lum Smith, editor and proprietor of the Philadelphia *Herald*, for libel. Mr. Smith recently invented, and is selling an amusing game which he mirthfully terms "Political Euchre." Each state is represented by an ordinary playing card, bearing on its face the number of electoral votes. The Republican States are all printed in black and the Democrats in red. Blaine and Logan are played respectively as right and left bowers whenever Republicans are trumps, Democratic candidates *vice versa*. General Butler is most appropriately played as the "Little Joker," and at times makes it screamingly embarassing for either Blaine or Cleveland players. The winning side must secure at least 201 of the 401 electoral votes. Mr. Smith can easily establish the fact that Butler is a joker, and can call as witness both Blaine and Cleveland.—*Pottsville Chronicle.*

The Germans for Cleveland.

Judge Thayer of Iowa, in speaking of the situation in that State says:

"The German vote is now a deciding factor, and the prohibition legislation of the Republican party has brought it to us. A very small fraction of the German vote, indeed, will stay Republican. We will get more than nine-tenths of it. We expect to carry the State against the Blaine electors."

Congressman Jeremiah Murphy, of Davenport, Iowa, said: "The prospect in Iowa of beating the Blaine ticket is excellent. Cleveland and Hendricks will poll ninety-five per cent. of the German vote of the State. That vote amounts to 60,000. Formerly the Republicans got fully 47,000 of it. The German voters that remained with the Republican party after the last national election feel that they have been outraged by the last Republican legislature by the passage of the prohibitory law with its enormous penalties and the consequent confiscation of large amounts of property. There is no defection whatever in the Irish vote."

Representative Wallace, of Ohio, says the Germans of Ohio are all leaving Blaine, and that Ohio will be carried in October by the Democrats. He says also that he has no doubt about Wisconsin's being carried by the Democrats. Gen. L. B. Parsons, of Illinois, says the Democrats are having a hurrah campaign and making very great gains in German districts. They have a fighting chance there and if Ohio goes Democratic in October the Democrats may carry Illinois.

Ex-Congressman Elredge, of Wisconsin will go to the Democrats, as the Germans will not vote for Blaine.

Blaine Break-up in the West.

A CALM REVIEW OF THE PRESIDENTIAL BATTLE AS THE TRUTH PRESENTS IT.

The real information received here from the West and South in regard to the political situation is very different from the statements daily given to the public by those Republican journals which are strictly partisan. Within a fortnight those who have access to the private information which comes here to Republicans have been surprised at the unanimity of opinion that, instead of the old-time Republican majorities in the leading Western States, there are plain indications that every one of them is rapidly becoming uncomfortably close. This information which comes by letter and has been brought also in person by men prominent in the contest which is opening is from supporters of the Republican ticket. In all cases a want of money is noted. In no single Western State are Republicans giving as they have in other campaigns. From sections like the Western reserve in Ohio, which have been heralded to the country as "on fire for the Republican ticket," reports come from leading men of an apathy which indicates a large stay-at-home vote. The truth about Ohio to day is that many of the Republican workers who are recognized as those who should be correctly informed regard that State as exceedingly close, with the present chances in favor of the Democrats. The same is undoutedly true of Wisconsin, and within the last week Republicans are beginning to admit that Michigan is no longer by any means a sure State. Unless the inside information coming here both to the Republicans and Democrats is altogether at fault there is no longer any chance of the Blaine ticket carrying that state. There are even reports from Ohio that give the Republicans uneasiness with respect to the Congressional vote. Public men as prominent as any among the Republicans have written here practically conceding another district to the Democrats and that the Republicans must be prepared to see that State go for Blaine only by a reduced majority. A German who has been observing the conditions in that State and reporting here, says that he did not find a single one of his countrymen who would vote the Republican ticket. In brief, the Republican situation, as recognized by those managing the campaign, is that the States of the Central West, with the possible exception of Illinois, are to-day debatable ground. The national committee, instead of being able to confine its efforts as heretofore to Ohio and Indiana, has suddenly been aroused to the fact that both Michigan and Wisconsin are slipping away from them and that it may yet be possible for the Democrats to succeed without a single Eastern State. — *Washington Dispatch to the Public Ledger.*

Only Five States Sure for Blaine.

In all the Union there are but five states safe for Blaine. These are Maine, Vermont, Rhode Island, Minnesota and Nebraska. They cast only twenty-six electoral votes. The bulwarks of republicanism—Massachusetts, Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas—are wavering. Pennsylvania is not immovably fixed in the republican column. In Ohio and Indiana the democratic chances are considered better than the republican.—*Chicago (Herald, Ind. Rep.)*

Lincoln's Letter of Acceptance of the Republican Nomination in 1860.

The republican press so disappointed at not being able to find anything in Cleveland's letter of acceptance, that they might justly criticise, began to offer abuse on account of the shortness of the letter. They have forgotten that the letter of acceptance of Abraham Lincoln was noted for its brevity. A great many of the earnest supporters of Lincoln, twenty years ago, are advocating the election of Cleveland to-day. They see that Cleveland promises no more than he expects to fulfill, and they prefer trusting the government in the hands of such a man than one who is full of empty promises. The following is a reproduction of Lincoln's letter of acceptance:

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 23, 1860.

SIR: I accept the nomination tendered me by the convention over which you presided, of which I am formerly apprised in a letter of yourself and others acting as a committee of the convention for that purpose. The declaration of principles and sentiments which accompanies your letter meets my approval, and it shall be my care not to violate it or disregard it in any part imploring the assistance of Divine Providence and with due regard to the views and feelings of all who were represented in the convention, to the rights of all the States and Territories and people of the nation, to the inviolability of the Constitution, and the perpetual union, harmony and prosperity of all, I am most happy to co-operate for the practical success of the principles declared by the convention. Your obliged friend and fellow-citizen, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

HON. GEORGE ASHMUN, President of the Republican Convention.

Vermont Staggers Under Blaine.

That the Republicans of Vermont have elected their candidate for Governor is a matter of course. Mr. Pingree is an exceptionally popular man, with no opposition in his own party, and under ordinary circumstances he should have had at least the majority of four years ago, which was 26,603. His majority in the election of Tuesday is apparently not much above 21,000. This falling off in so staunch a Republican State as Vermont is not without significance. It will contribute nothing to reanimate the flagging Blaine campaign.

At no time since the war has the Republican majority in the September elections in Vermont in a Presidential year fallen below 25,000, except in 1876, when a reduction to 23,735 presaged the election of Tilden. This year the majority has fallen still lower, and that without any increase in the Democratic vote. The Republicans of Vermont had no reason to desert their candidate for Governor, but it is evident that they were not disposed to exert themselves to start a boom for Blaine, and the light vote is simply an indication of the prevailing dissatisfaction with the Republican party and its Presidential candidate.

The Blaine organs will doubtless announce a glorious victory, but the party managers will know better. They will understand that when disaffection begins to show itself in a State like Vermont the situation is critical. While this "first gun" determines nothing, it wholly fails to bring to the Blaine cause the encouragement it so sadly lacks. A similar falling off would lose the Republicans many a State they have counted upon, and it will need a very big majority in Maine next week to re-magnetize the boom.—*Times.*

The Metropolitans to Pass Away With the Present Season.

It is understood that the Metropolitan Base Ball Club of New York City and the Athletics of Philadelphia are to be consolidated at the end of the season. For some time the Metropolitan Exhibition Company, which runs both the ball clubs in New York, has been buying Athletic stock, and it now has a controlling interest. With the last scheduled game in October the Metropolitan Club will pass out of existence, and there will be only one professional nine, the New Yorks, in New York City next season.

The Metropolitan Exhibition Company will run the New Yorks and the Athletics. The Metropolitan players will go to strengthen both. Orr, Holbert, Keefe, Esterbrook, and Roseman will go to the New Yorks, and the others will be of the Athletics of next year. Mr. Mutrie will probably be the manager of the new Athletics.

The cause of this change is said to be the poor support which has been given to the Metropolitans. Although they stand first in the Association race the attendance at the New York games has come to be very small. The New Yorks, it is promised, will be a fine club next season, and will have first-class management.

Tornado in Dakota.

The following are some of the peculiarities of the recent tornado which occurred near Huron, Dakota: Twelve miles northeast of Huron a man named Briggs had thirty-two head of cattle killed by being blown into the James River and drowned, or thrown on the ground and crushed. He had six head of horses killed in the same way. Eleven hundred bushels of threshed oats in his granary were all swept away. His wife is a well known buttermaker for the Huron market. The last three months she and a servant packed all the butter they had made in crocks, and stored it in the cellar, several hundred pounds in all. When they saw the storm coming they went into the cellar and crouched in the northeast corner of it, the direction from which the tornado was coming. It carried away and destroyed the house, scooped up every crock of butter and carried it away and it cannot be found. The women were unhurt. William Felkey had two horses and a colt in his stable. The stable, horses, and colt are yet to be heard from. Myron Kinney had two harnessed horses at his stable. The horses were seen to go up in the air and come down a long distance away. About two hours afterward they walked back home with all the harness off except the collars.

The Rev. George A. Cressey lives a mile from the business centre of Huron. The tornado that struck near here was in plain sight from his house, a mile distant. He says no wind was stirring outside of the storm belt, and there were no other clouds in the sky. At times two or three tornado clouds were in view. All had a spiral motion, and looked exactly like an ordinary tin funnel. The cloud gradually arose and fell, going southeasterly. While in sight there appeared to be a double funnel, the outer one black and the inner one white. When the lower end touched the ground everything in its track was destroyed.

Patrick A. Collins, in his speech at the recent Irish demonstration in New York, asserted that many years ago Father John Bapbst was tarred and feathered in Maine, and the Kennebec *Journal*, Mr. Blaine's paper, instead of denouncing the outrage, said there was great provocation for it. The Father Bapbst referred to by Mr. Collins is living at the novitiate in Frederick City, Md. He is on the superannuated list, being over 80 years of age. He is a tall, patriarchal-looking man and very genial in his manner. About thirty years ago he was pastor of a church at Bangor, Me., and had charge of a chapel also at Ellsworth. Such was the effect of the outrage upon him that even yet when he hears a knock at the door of his room he clasps his hands and asks piteously, "Are they coming for me again?"

The Causes of Labor Riots.

The labor riots in Ohio, which, but for the wisdom of a democratic executive, might have led to untold misersy and incalculable loss, suggest that the causes of these outbreaks ought to be inquired into with a view to preventing their recurrence. There is no higher mission of statesmanship than this and no means by which more good may be accomplished.

Labor riots are comparatively recent origin in this country. For nearly a century the country advanced in material interests and developed her abundant resources without these eruptions. But within the past twenty years they have been coming with unpleasant frequency and dangerous consequences. It is not difficult to discover the causes, but the remedies can only be applied when they are fully understood.

Labor riots have their inducing cause in the distress of laboring men. When workingmen are prosperous they are happy, contented and amiable. When, however, want overtakes them and their wives and children are suffering for necessaries of life, they become restive, irritable and riotous. This condition is brought about by the economic system of the republican party. Over protection which in time leads to idleness. From that come want, discontent and disorder. Laboring men should reflect on these facts. They are not to blame for the outbreaks so much as the system that makes them inevitable.—*Patriot.*



The time for changing the light Summer Suit for something heavier is upon us, and we are, in consequence, making "grand change" in our store. We are ready for you with a fine stock of Fall Clothing.

A. C. YATES & CO.

Ledger Building, Sixth & Chestnut Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

Monday, Sept. 22, '84,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

The undivided one-half of the following described real estate: a lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, BEGINNING at the corner of a lot of ground formerly of Thomas Harris andrunning thence along the east side of Iron Street northwestwardly about forty feet to a corner of lot of Robison Kesig, now owned by Jacob Millard, thence by the same northwestwardly two hundred and fourteen feet to an alley, thence along the same southeastwardly about forty feet to said Harris lot, thence along the same two hundred and fourteen feet, to the place of beginning, CONTAINING eight thousand five hundred feet, be the same more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out building.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of I. W. McKelvy vs. Mary Lewis, and to be sold as the property of Mary Lewis. Vend Ex.

Elwell, Att'y.

ALSO

The undivided one-half of the following described real estate: a lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, BEGINNING at the corner of a lot of ground formerly of Thomas Harris, and running thence along the east side of Iron Street northwestwardly about forty feet to a corner of lot of Robison Kasig, now owned by Jacob Millard, thence by the same northeastwardly two hundred and fourteen feet to an alley, thence along the same southeastwardly about forty feet to said Harris lot, thence along the same two hundred and fourteen feet to the place of beginning, CONTAINING eight thousand five hundred feet, be the same more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of I. W McKelvy vs. John Hooper, and to be sold as the property of said John Hooper. Fi. Fa.

Elwell, Att'y.

ALSO

All that certain message, tenement, and tract of land situate in Locust township in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: BEGINNING at a stone corner in line of land now or late of Jacob Stein, and running from thence by the same north six and three-quarter degrees, east seventy-eight and three-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land now or late of Henry Herner north three-quarters of a degree, east twenty-three and four-tenths perches to a white pine stump, thence by the same north forty-two and a half degrees east eighteen perches to a stone; thence by M. E. Meeting house lots South forty-six and three-quarters degrees East, five perches to a stone, and North twenty-nine and one-half degrees East, 12 perches and 4-10 to a stone; thence by land now or late of William Carl and John Herner South seventy one and a half degrees East, forty-one and nine-tenths perches to a stone; thence by land now or late of William Roth and William Yeager South two degrees west, one hundred and eight perches to a stone; thence North eighty-three degrees West thirty-six and five-tenths perches to a stone; thence South three and a half degrees West, eight and six-tenths perches to a stone; thence North eighty-two and a half degrees West, thirty-one perches to the place of beginning, CONTAINING fourty-four acres and one hundred and nine perches more or less, with the appurtenances consisting of a dwelling house and a barn, &c.,

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of A. K. Walter vs. Timothy M. Bolick, and to be sold as the property of said Timothy M. Bolick.

Spinney, Att'y. Fi. Fa.

ALSO

All that certain piece or parcel of ground situate in the town of Orangeville, County of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: BEGINNING at a post, corner at a public road leading through the town of Orangeville, thence by land of Miles A. Williams North seventy-four and three-fourths degrees West eight and forty-six one-hundredth perches to a post, thence by land of said Miles A. Williams North fifty-four degrees West, twelve and twenty one hundedth perches to a limestone corner, thence by land of Benjamin Wertman South thirty-five and three-eighth degrees West twenty-three and twenty one hundredth perches to a post, thence by land of said Benjamin Wertman South eighty-seven and three-eight degrees East sixteen and eighty-four one-hundredth perches to a stone corner, thence by land of James B. Harman North twenty-five and one-fourth degrees East, five and forty one-hundredth perches to a post, thence by land of James B. Harman South eighty-seven and three-eight degrees East ten and seventy-eight one hundredth perches to a stone corner, thence by land of John Megargle North thirty-five and one-fourth degrees East four and sixty one-hundredth perches to a stone corner and thence by land of John Megargel and John Stiner North fifty and three-fourth degrees West, one and sixty-four one-hundredth perches to a stone corner, thence by land of John Stiner North seventeen and one-fourth degrees East one and thirty-two hundredth perches to a stone corner the place of beginning, CONTAINING one acre and one hundred and fifteen perches neat measure, on which are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, a frame butcher shop, barn and other out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of William Mears for his own use and in trust for Bernetta Mears vs. Camden Mears and to be sold as the property of Camden Mears.

Miller Att'y. Fi. Fa.

ALSO

The right title and interest of the defendant in all that message and piece or parcel of land being and lying in the township of Orange aforesaid bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone corner, thence by lands of Reuben Sitler north eighteen degrees west, thirty-eight and five tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of the same south seventy-nine and three fourth degrees West, thirty-six perches to a pine, thence by land of D. W. Montgomery and others south eleven and one fourth degrees east forty-one perches to a post, thence by lands of D. W. Montgomery north 76 degrees east, forty perches to the place of beginning, containing nine acres and sixty perches strict measure be the same more or less, on which is erected an old barn.

Seized, and taken it to execution at the suit of William Mears, for his own use, and in trust for Bernetta Mears, vs Camden Mears, and to be sold as the property of Camden Mears.

Miller Atty

ALSO

All that certain tract and message of land situate in Centre township Columbia county Pennsylvania, CONTAINING one hundred and thirteen acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Lafayette Creasy and others on the west, lands of Lafayette Creasey on the north, lands of Thomas Kocher on the east, and land of William Miller and others on the south, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, a frame barn and other out buildings.

ALSO

Lot in Centre township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded North by land of Isaac Strouse, East by land of said Hutchison and Lafayette Creasey, South by lands of E. B. Low and West by lands of E. B. Low, being a lime stone quarry lot containing about one-fourth of an acre more or less on which are erected a lime kiln and limehouse.

ALSO

Lot in Centre township bounded north by land of Isaac Strouse, east by land of McKelvy, Neal & Co., south by land of E. B. Low, and west by other lot of Levi A. Hutchison being a limestone quarry lot containing about one-fourth of an acre, more or less, on which are erected a lime kiln and lime house.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of William Shaffer vs. L. A. Hutchison and to be sold as the property of L. A. Hutchison.

Barkley, Att'y. Fi. Fa.

ALSO

All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Centre township, Columbia County, Penna., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Samuel, David and Charles Whitmire, on the east by land of David Whitmire, on the south by land of George Ruckel, and on the west by land of Elizabeth Yohe, containing about sixteen acres of land, more or less, with the appurtenances. The above tract is improved land without buildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Allen Whitmire. Fi. Fa.

Ikeler, Att'y.

ALSO

All the right, title, interest and life estate of John Delong, one of the defendants in the within named writ in the folowing described real estate, two tracts of land situate in Centre township Columbia county, Pa., bounded to-wit: On the north by land of John Neyhard and Henry Shaffer, on the east by land of Henry Shaffer, on the south by land of Frank Hagenbuch and Jeremiah Hagenbuch, deceased, and Elisha Hagenbuch, and on the west by division line following the middle fence on and between the above described land and other lands of Henry Delong, deceased, as directed in his last will and testament, to the public road leading from Light Street to Berwick, said line thence leading across said road continuing in a straight line to the line of land belonging to Elisha Hagenbuch, containing about sixty-two acres of land, more or less, whereon are erected a large two-story brick dwelling house, kitchen, wood house, and all necessary and convenient out buildings, a large bank-barn, wagon house, hog pen, cider press and other buildings. There is also on the said tract, fruit and fruit trees of every description.

ALSO

All the right, title, interest and life estate of John Delong one of the defendants named in the within writ and one other certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in Centre township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania. Bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Called the "Summer Hill Tract," North by Geo. Ruckle, East by land of Emmett and Levi Alkman, South by land of Samuel Hagenbuch, deceased, and on the west by land of Henry Shaffer, CONTAINING about thirty-nine acres of land, more or less, being timberland, 12 acres cleared.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of Cyrus McHenry and John Delong Exec'rs of Henry Delong, deceased vs. Sarah A. Delong and John Delong and to be sold as the property of Sarah A. Delong and John Delong. Vend. Ex.

Snyder and Ikeler, Att'ys.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors, and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday September 22d, 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m. on said day:

No. 1. The first and final account of Charles Baker administrator of Jacob Baker, late of Beaver township, deceased.

No. 2. The first and final account of Isaac Lindenmuth, administrator of Benjamin Lindenmuth, late of Conyngham township, deceased.

No. 3. The first and partial account of Christian Crouse and Francis W. Crouse Executors of Frederick Crouse, late of Beaver township, deceased.

No. 4. The first and final account of C. B. Jackson, guardian of J. A. Swank, a minor child of Harrison Swank, late of Columbia county, deceased.

No. 5. The first and final account of George Walter administrator of Catherine Walter, late of Montour township, deceased.

No. 6. The first and final account of Allen Mann executor of George Shuman, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

No. 7. The first and final account of Abraham Kreisher administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo* of Peter Maurer, late of Locust township, deceased

No. 8. The final account of Levi Wright, guardian of Beneville Foulk, a minor child of Beneville B. Foulk, late of Hemlock township, deceased as filed by Rebecca Wright surviving executor of Levi Wright deceased.

No. 9. The first and final account of James M. Shultz and Charity A. Roberts administrators of James Roberts, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.

No. 10. The first and final account of C. C. Peacock administrator *cum testamento annexo* of Catherine A. Gall, late of Hemlock township, deceased.

No. 11. The first and final account of Solomon Strausser executor of Elias S. Helwig, late of Locust township, deceased.

No. 12. The first and final account of Clinton Ellis administrator of Jacob Gaumer, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

No. 13. The account of S. D. Kostenbauder and Margaret Marks administrators &c., of Frances Kostenbauder, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

No. 14. The second and final account of Reuben L. Rich and Thomas Wilson executors of John G. Rich, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

No. 15. The first and partial account of Clark Callender executor of Joseph Hess, late of Benton township, deceased.

No. 16. The first and final account of Samuel B. Kisner administrator of Susan Kisner, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

No. 17. The first and final account of Samuel Shive executor of Philip Unangst, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

No. 18. The first and final account of Samuel Shive administrator, &c. of Anna M. Unangst, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

No. 19. The first and final account of Robert Buckingham administrator of Elizabeth Walter, late of Montour township, deceased.

No. 20. The first and final account of Hiram J. Reeder executor of Joseph Hartman, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

No. 21. The first and final account of Charles C. Willets administrator *de bonis non* of Isaiah Willets, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

No. 22. The first and partial account of Jonathan W. Eck administrator of S. A. Eck late of Briarcreek township, deceased.

No. 23. The first and partial account of Clinton Ellis, administrator of Casper Rhawn, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

Register's office, Bloomsburg, Aug 29, '84 GEO. W. STERNER, Register.

WANAMAKER'S.

Philadelphia, September 1, 1884.

Four years ago we said that a merchant's way of dealing in black silk was a pretty fair test of his dealing in general. There are two reasons for the statement: the importance of black silk as an article of merchandise, and the impossibility of being perfectly sure how any particular quarter-yard of it is going to wear. It is worth something in estimating a man to know how he treats an important matter that involves some risk to his client.

There are two attitudes which the merchant may properly take towards this treacherous article of universal dress. He may say: We buy the silks of the best makers; use the best skill we can command in choosing them; examine carefully before we sell them; and, if the silks do not turn out successful in wear, the fault is back of us. The maker himself does not know how a particular piece of his own black silk is going to wear; the skilful workmen through whose successive hands it has passed from the cocoon to the last process of the finish do not know; nobody knows. The only way to find out is by trying. You have got to buy with whatever of risk there is. We do all we can to make it little. We cannot take it away.

This is the attitude that he must take, if he is frank and fair; unless the maker bears the risk. Somebody has got to bear it; the merchant can't; the maker can. If a maker chooses to insure his silk, rely on the merchant to pass that insurance over to the wearer and deal justly with both, then the merchant may say: This silk may wear well or ill; we do not know how it will turn out; but, if it goes too soon, we'll replace the part that fails.

Either attitude is proper. Either recognizes the unavoidable chance of disappointment that lurks in every black silk dress. One makes provision for that chance; and the other notifies the buyer that the risk is hers. It depends on the maker what the merchant can do. Not every maker of black silk, not every maker of good black silk, not every maker of the very best black silk, is disposed to take the risk of his work.

Some merchants of the highest standing never guarantee any silk to wear. We choose the middle ground. We warrant silks that are warranted to us. If a responsible maker is willing to take the risk of his work and trust us to administer his guarantee, we do it. We do not insist that he shall.

We are prompted to this explanation by a series of black silks which we sell with agreement to replace without charge any part that may fail to be fairly durable. Let it be understood that the guarantee is ours as much as if the maker were not behind us; and that it is the maker's as much as if you were not looking to us for its fulfilment.

The silks we guarantee to wear well are these, three French and two American: Bellon's "Household" brand, $1.25 to $2.25; Giraud's "Cachemire Alexandra," $1.50 to $3; Guinet's "Cachemire," 90 cents to $3 50; Givernaud's gros-grain, $1.25 to $2; and Cheney's gros-grain, $1.25 to $2.50. Each maker's silk has its peculiar characteristics through its several grades; and the prices rise with the weight.

The price of silk is very low now. The depression is felt particularly in staples; less in "novelties," which always bring extravagant prices for the first few weeks. We refer to-day to staples; to silks of intrinsic value; to silks that never lose their favor. Because they always hold their place in dress, they go up and down in the market according to the current value of silk and labor and tariff—hardly ever according to fashion.

Samples sent if requested.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets and City-hall square.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$7,078,220
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,710
Phœnix, of London	5,266,376
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,070
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,050
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-

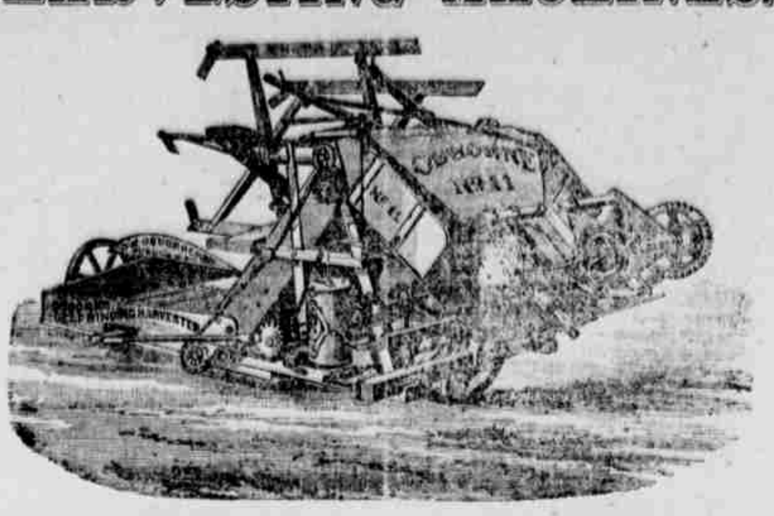
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LIGHT REAPERS, MOWERS AND SELF BINDERS

ever brought to Columbia county. For light draft, durability and simplicity the Osborne Machines are second to none. Every machine is fully warranted. They also keep a

FULL LINE OF REPAIRS

for all the old and new machines, so that if you break down in the middle of Harvest they are prepared to fix you up without delay.

Farmers do not be deceived but be sure to examine the

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before making your purchases.

HARMAN & HASSERT, Agents.

June 27 1y

C. B. ROBBINS,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

AND JOBBER IN CIGARS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. C. GALIGNAN,

PLUMBER,

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SHEET METAL WORK

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

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SEWERAGE & DRAINAGE.

For Tetter, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Pimples Blotches, Boils, Ulcers, Female Complaints, an all diseases arising in or transmitted by the blood, USE

Dr. LINDSEY'S BLOODSEARCHER.

This celebrated Vegetable Compound has no equal, and is an infallible remedy when used as directed. Send for circular.

For sale by all Druggists. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Propr's Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sep 5-4 w d

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Catherine Carr by her next friend, James McFadden vs. James Carr. Sur libel in divorce.

To James Carr, respondent above named: Whereas upon the libel of the said Catherine Carr a subpoena was issued out of the said Court commanding you to be and appear at the next regular term of said Court to show cause why the said libelant should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony contracted with you; and whereas upon return of said subpoena due proof was made that you could not be found in the bailiwick of the Sheriff of said county, whereupon an *alias* subpoena was awarded by said Court commanding you to appear at the then next term of said Court to answer as aforesaid, to which the same return was made by the Sheriff. You are therefore required to be and appear on the first day of said Court to be held at Bloomsburg for said county on the last Monday of September next, A. D., 1884, to answer said complaint. JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

Marr, Att'y. Aug 29-4 w

TRIAL LIST.

S P Kase and S P Wolverton's use vs. D H & W R R Co.
Col Co M S F & L Association vs. C R Barnes, et. al.
Col Co M S F & L Association vs. C R Barnes, et. al.
Col Co M S F & L Association vs. C R Barnes, et. al.
John K Grotz's use vs. Elisha C Ager.
Jacob Swank vs. N & W B R'y Co.
Isaac Weckerly's exrs. vs. Daniel B Fredericks.
Ira Hess vs. Wm E Patterson.
Rohr McHenry vs. Wm E Patterson.
Frank McLaughlin vs. M E Walker.
D A Hess vs. N & W B R'y Co.
Philip Litchard vs. John Shealter.
Charles Richard vs. Charles Klinger.
Eli Weaver vs. Augustus Weaver's exr's.
Phineas Smith vs. N & W B R'y Co.
Lloyd Shuman vs. N & W B R'y Co.
Lloyd Yeager vs. N & W B R'y Co.
Daniel F Seybert vs. George Breisch.
Gideon Stecker's adm'r. vs. Thomas Hickey.
Stephen Wolf vs. John M Miller.
C G Murphy vs. Isaac Herron, et. al.
Com. of Pennsylvania for use of Maria L McDowell vs. John W Hoffman.
Jane Moyer vs. James Lewis' admr.
John Shuman vs. N & W B R'y Co.
Geo. A Bowman's exr's. vs. N & W B R'y Co.
John Brofee vs. William Billman.
John Brofee vs. Andrew Rupp.
Daniel R Gordner vs. William Gingles.
H M Weir vs. Richard Angle, et. al.
Hirman Creasy, et. ux., vs. A B Croop.
David Nilson, et. ux., vs. Harvey Graham.
Lydia Robbins vs. Jacob B Stoker's adm'r.
A J Evans vs. J B Robinson.
Wellington Yeager adm'r. vs. David Helwig's exr's.
Wellington Yeager, adm'r., vs. David Helwig exr's.
Peter Helwig's ex'r. vs. Peter Helwig.
W D Weidenhammer vs. Barbara Blue.
George Boyer vs. Thomas Geraghty.
George Bevan vs. L A Riley & Co.
James Lewars adm'r vs. Jacob Weaver, et. ux.
Hess & Thomas vs. H F Everett.
M'Cready Bros vs. the Cone M F Ins Co of Columbia, Pa.
D S Laubach vs. J W & S A Smith.
Adams & Son vs. Jacob Moyer's trustee.
Isaac C Burrell vs. P & R R Co.
Mary N Holmes vs. J S Woods and Mary A Woods
Thos E Edwards, et. al., vs. Evan Buckalew.
John Ruch, et. al., vs. Penna. R R Co.
Wainwright & Co vs. Levi George.
Francis Lafountain, et. ux., vs. Wm Miller.
Charles Kern vs. John Brofee.
Joseph Cole vs. Wm R Cox.
H E Heacock vs. Wm. Masteller.
James Kinsley, et. ux., vs. M C Woodward and J B Trathen.

GRAND JURORS.

Bloom—Frank Knorr, Levi Shoemaker, J. C. Brown.
Benton—Geo. W. McHenry.
Berwick—David Baucher, John G. Jacoby, J. H. Hpyt, Dilman Varnes, A. S. Phillips.
Catawissa—Wright Yetter.
Centre—Fred Hagenbuch, J Wilson Miller.
Centralia—August Gable.
Greenwood—D Brady.
Hemlock—E D Leidy.
Locust—Haines Yost, Harman Fahringer, I. N. Tettsworth.
Madison—E Hendershott, A K Smith.
Maine—Washington Fisher.
Mifflin—H C Hess.
Montour—Philip Foust.
Orange—Aaron Patterson.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—W C Ranson, Charles Decker, Cla Shoemaker, Peter Jones, Samuel Anderson.
Beaver—Emery Bensinger, Lewis Baker.
Benton—F S Smith.
Berwick—James Evans, Gideon Beishline, C. W. Frantz, C. W. Freas.
Briarcreek—S S Sitler.
Centre—A C Creasy.
Conyngham—Patrick Flynn, John Brennan.
Fishingcreek—S J Pealer, T H Edgar, J F McHenry.
Franklin—Daniel Hower, D A Munson.
Greenwood—Jonathan Hartman.
Hemlock—Reuben Guild.
Jackson—Ezekiel Cole.
Locust—Andrew Reichart, Samuel Reinbold.
Madison—Wm Mosteller.
Maine—J F Bauman.
Mt. Pleasant—Miles Ikeler.
Scott—W E Deitterick, Trembley Angle, J. B. Ammerman.
Sugarloaf—James Pennington, Elias S Fritz, Jasper Lewis, Thos. Cole.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—Jacob Bomboy, C A Kleim, Alfred Girton, J F Fox, Abram Fry.
Beaver—Michael Rittenhouse, Benjamin Michael, James T Fox.
Benton—Peter Laubach.
Berwick—S B Bowman, W C Palmer, J H Catterall.
Briarcreek—Edward Hughes, Emanuel Yost, Silas E Moyer.
Catawissa—Clinton Ellis, J B Knittle.
Centralia—George James.
Fishingcreek—John Dresher.
Greenwood—R B Kline, Chandlee Eves, Daniel Welliver.
Locust—William Rhodes, Jonathan Beaver.
Madison—M E Masters.
Mifflin—Wesley Noss, Lloyd Fahringer.
Orange—A B Herring.
Pine—James Masters.
Roaringcreek—Francis Richard, Samuel Cherrington.
Scott—Geo. E Grimes, Hirman Tronseau, John Harding.
Sugarloaf—David Kocher, Gilbert Hess.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Came to the premises of the undersigned at Wedgtown, about July 20th, a white pig, about 12 weeks old. The left ear is slightly cut. The owner will please call, pay costs and take it away or it will be disposed of according to law.

Aug 22-3w JOHN WARD.

WANTED Energetic, reliable men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, etc. Salary and expenses paid. Full instructions given to inexperienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. F. LeCLARE, Brighton, N. Y. (1 mile east of Rochester, N. Y.)

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1884.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:52 a. m.
4:36 p. m.	6:13 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
*7:05 a. m.	8:28 a. m.
11:17 a. m.	11:53 a. m.
6:30 p. m.	4:36 p. m.

The 8:28 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with the 9:35 train on Pennsylvania road, reaching Philadelphia at 3:15 p. m.

The 11:53 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:53 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:50, reaching Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m.

The 4:36 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m., and reaches Philadelphia at 3:05 a. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
11:27 a. m.	12:01 p. m.
6.30 p. m.	4:15 p. m.

Personal.

W. R. Tubbs is gradually improving.

Conard Kreamer, of Jerseytown was in town on Monday.

Miss Lizzie Yerrick of Danville was in town on Wednesday, visiting friends.

Mrs. J. H. Lingle of Bellefonte has been visiting her parents during the past week.

J. H. Harman is improving rapidly. He was out riding on Tuesday.

Mrs. I. S. Kuhn and daughter May, started on Tuesday to visit friends in Schuylkill county and in Philadelphia.

Mr. Charles Manhardt, of Kansas City, Missouri, was in town with his brother, Rev. F. P. Manhardt, on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. K. Brugler, of Butler, Missouri, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Brower.

Miss Emma Sankey of Harrisburg, a former resident of Light Street, is the guest of Mrs. J. M. C. Ranck of that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Goodman of Montana, this county, spent Sunday and the fore part of the week visiting relatives in town and at Espy.

John L. Woods, foreman of the *Republican* office, after a six weeks' enforced vacation on account of sickness, was able to resume work on Monday morning.

Michael and Peter Galighan of Armagh, Ireland, the one a brother of John Galighan of this place, arrived in town on Monday. They were two weeks in sailing from their native land.

Empty cider barrels for sale.
C. B. Robbins.

Mrs. I. Hagenbuch died at her home in Bloomsburg, early on Monday morning. She was sick but a few weeks.

An excursion party of nine car loads, passed through this place on Thursday morning for Hess' Grove, Rupert.

J. H. Mercer keeps a full assortment of school supplies, at the Peoples' Book Store.

In a New York theatre women are to take the place of men as ushers. Here's a chance for the Widow Butler after the election.

The name of Col. A. E. Lewis of Pike county, is presented by the Democrats of that county as candidate for Congress in this (Eleventh) Congressional district.

For Rent.—Three pair of rooms suitable for offices, and one store room occupied now as shoe store next to Exchang Hotel.
F. D. Dentler.

Sunbury has now a morning daily paper. It is not a new paper, but the same one of Eicholtz & Co which was formerly issued in the afternoon, from the office of the *Northumberland County Democrat.*

David Lowenberg will make his fall announcements next week. Look out for bargains in ready made and custom made clothing as well as in gents' furnishing goods.

Prof. Niles and daughter, Dora, started for New York yesterday (Thursday). His daughter will remain at the Ladies' Art Association of that city one year, and pursue a course of study in painting.

Some thieves broke in the Grange store near the depot on Saturday night. A few pairs of boots were missing. How much more was taken has not yet been ascertained.

E. H. Little, administrator of Laura J. Patten, deceased, will sell personal property on the premises, corner of Third and Centre streets, Bloomsburg, on Saturday, September 13th, 1884, commencing at ten o'clock.

Mr. Lowenberg, Chairman of the Democratic Standing Committee, has secured the use of the Opera House for the Cleveland and Hendricks Club of this place. A complete organization will be effected next Saturday evening, September 13th.

James A. Sweeney of Hazleton a former student at the Normal School has been nominated for the Legislature from Luzerne county. Mr. Sweeney has served one term in the Legislature with credit to himself and the democratic party which he represents.

If the *Mt. Carmel News* desires to republish our Centralia correspondence, they will confer a favor by giving credit to correspondent Bloomsburg Columbian. Our correspondent furnishes items of general interest, and we deem it justice to him, that he should have the full credit.

A festival will be given in Dentler's hall on Saturday evening, September 6th by the lady friends of the Bloomsburg Cornet Band. The public should patronize them well. Our band is one of the best in this section, and all should assist in keeping up the organization.

Miss MacArthur has finished her instructions in art to a class of young ladies and started for Scranton, where she will remain over the Sabbath, leaving Monday morning for a visit with friends in Litchfield county, Conn. In October she begins her connection with an art school in Philadelphia.—*Carbondale Advance.*

We learn from our exchanges of Northumberland county that a disease is prevailing among the hogs of that county. Col. Taggart of Northumberland, who is an extensive stock raiser, is somewhat alarmed, as the epidemic has entered his herd. It is said Mr. Taggart has the finest pen of hogs in the State.

I. W. Baird's show came from Hazleton to Catawissa on Friday morning, and expected to reach Bloomsburg in ample time for the afternoon performance. They arrived too late to take the train, and were brought over from Catawissa with wagons. The afternoon performance was cancelled, but in the evening they gave a good entertainment, although they had a small audience.

A band of gypsies passed through town yesterday afternoon.

Three Indians arrived from the Indian school at Carlisle on Wednesday evening. They were taken to a Mr. Vance and L. P. Kline near Millville.

The Womens' Foreign Missionary Society of Lime Ridge will hold a festival on Saturday, Sept. 6th. The community are respectfully invited.

The prohibitionists have selected Friday September 19th as the time for holding their picnic at Rupert Grove. Speakers will be engaged and every effort made for a good time. They extend a cordial invitation to all temperance societies.

John Herring, son of our townsman G. A. Herring, who for some time past has been working at Shenandoah, was thrown from a wagon at that place while delivering goods one day this week, and seriously hurt. His injuries are not thought to prove fatal.

We publish this week the names of the vigilence committee as far as reported. The members of the Standing committee who have not yet reported the names of the Committee will confer a favor by reporting at once to David Lowenberg, chairman.

The Street Commissioner has put in terra cotta pipe at the crossing corner of Centre and fifth streets, in order to conduct the water under Centre street. By this method the deep gutter at the crossing is entirely avoided. Should it prove successful, there are many crossings in town that should be fixed in a similar manner.

Our young men are getting too careless in the matter of throwing ball on Main street. One person threw a ball through one of J. J. Brower's large show windows. Another, a ball and hit a Mrs. Wolf on the nose, causing a severe bruise and black eyes. The authorities should prevent playing ball on Main street.

J. Hudson Case of Danville, and Miss Dora Wolf, oldest daughter of John Wolf of this place were married at the home of Mr. Wolf on Wednesday morning, Rev. F. P. Manhart officiating. The pair left on the noon train for a short tour and will then return to Danville at which place they expect to reside.

There will be a game of base-ball played at the Fair grounds this (Friday) afternoon at half-past two o'clock, between the "Reliance" of Mt. Carmel, and the Bloomsburg Association. The game will probably be a very interesting one. The "Reliance" played the Philadelphia League team a few weeks ago with a score of 11 to 4 for the League nine.

On Saturday last we experienced the most severe thunder storms of any this season. The lightning flashed vividly at short intervals. In several places buildings were struck, but no damage done. The rod on the barn of Mr. Armstrong was struck, but the lightnig carried off with no serious result. We are told the walls of his house were badly shaken also.

Prescriptions a specialty at the Peoples' Drug Store. J. H. Mercer, Prop.

Mrs. Michael Hess of Beach Haven, has been afflicted with cataract of the eye for the past seventeen or eighteen years. A few weeks ago her eye commenced getting sore, she applied poultices and the sight of one eye is almost completely restored. The other eye has not yet been treated, but 'tis possible that the sight of that eye may also similarly be restored.

On Saturday last the post office at Williamsport, was robbed of stamps amounting to $3,500. The chief clerk, who was in the private office, the post-master being at dinner, was called to the door to see a man in a buggy. He was not out three minutes, but during that time four packages of stamps were taken from the safe and four packages similar in appearance left instead. The substitute packages contained brown paper. The buggy had been hired at a livery stable near the post office. No trace of the robbers has yet been obtained.

The *Sentinel* of last week contains a communication signed "Lieutenants" and dated at Jackson, which was evidently intended for publication in this paper. The communication was directed to Messsrs. Editors of the Columbian and *Sentinel*, and began with the words "In looking over your paper of last week," &c. The article was changed to read "Editor *Sentinel*, In looking over the Columbian of last week," &c. If they were so anxious to publish the article they should have made inquiry whether it was for their paper. We make this correction for the benefit of some of our patrons, and not with a feeling of any animosity toward the *Sentinel.*

Pure drugs and patent medicines of all kinds at the Peoples' Drug Store.

The historic question of "Who struck Billy Patterson" has at last been answered. It was neither Blaine nor Butler, as those two individuals would no doubt like to have the public believe, but one George W. Tilleston, and the place where the striking took place was in Carnesville, Franklin county, Georgia. When Mr. Patterson died he left $1000 to be devoted to finding out who hit him, as the blow was a terribly severe one. Now comes Tilleston's daughter, with the information that it was her father who did the hitting. The event took place about 47 years ago, and "Billy Patterson" was the father of the famous Miss Betsey Patterson, the Baltimore beauty who married Jerome Bonaparte, brother of the great Napoleon.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

A visit to T. L. Gunton's Steam Marble Works, Main Street, Bloomsburg, will convince you of the superior advantage in the use of steam fixtures for that purpose. For the benefit of those who can not visit his works we will give a brief description. There is an iron wheel two and a half inches in thickness, seven feet in diameter and weighing 2800 pounds, used for polishing the marble. The wheel is raised about three feet from the floor, and connected with gearing so as to run horizontally with the floor. Overhanging this large iron wheel he has arranged a derrick to which is attached a Bailey hoisting aparatus, by means of which one man can raise a marble slab weighing three and one-half tons or 7000 pounds. Marble slabs of one ton weight are as heavy as usually handled. They ar placed upon the iron wheel, and their weight resting on the wheel, which is in rapid motion. Fine sand is scattered over the iron wheel, which grinds the marble to the required thickness. One of these slabs can be polished in about fifteen minutes, or twenty times as fast as the old hand method. There is possibly no establishment in this section so well arranged for furnishing fine marble work as that of T. L. Gunton of Bloomsburg. He keeps on hand specimens of all kinds of granite, which he takes pleasure in showing to all who call. Our readers should be pleased to learn that they can procure all kinds of marble and granite work at our county seat, and at a cost far less than that charged by other similar establishments.

A skating rink was opened in Evans' hall on Monday evening by Messrs. Towner and Bennett, of Bradford county. They have shown themselves to be very gentlemanly and are using every effort to conduct the rink in such a manner as to make it an attractive place for ladies, for healthful enjoyment. Skating rinks are very popular in all the surrounding places, and we see no reason why this one should not be a success. Next week a professional skater will be here to instruct.

Cleveland and Hendricks Club.

There will be a meeting in the Opera House, Bloomsburg, on Saturday evening of next week, September 13th, for the purpose of organizing a Cleveland and Hendricks Campaign Club for this place. There should be a full attendance of all those who favor the election of the Democratic nominees. Speakers have been secured for the occasion. Let there be a grand rally, that we may lend our assistance to the election of the Democratic standard bearers.

Northern Columbia and Southern Luzerne Agricultural Association.

This association, but recently organized, gives its first exhibition on their spacious grounds just south of Berwick, on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, September 24, 25, 26 and 27, 1884. They have secured as the site of their exhibition a beautiful section of land embracing some 23 acres, and almost entirely surrounded by a grove of natural trees, which will afford ample shade for visitors. Water will be supplied in abundance all over the grounds. The grounds outside of main track will be filled with exhibition buildings, sheds, stables, dining hall, etc., of an improved design, for the more perfect display of all articles entered for exhibition. Accommodations will be furnished for the bedding of horses, and oats will be sold for same by superintendent of this department, while the dining hall and eating stands will be well supplied with the substantials of life. The Association has made liberal offers to exhibitors and it is to be hoped that they will be largely patronized. This being the first exhibition all should assist in making it a grand success, that such a good enterprise may be engaged.

Jerseytown.

A little rain.

Some talk of raising a pole.

A large wagon load of ladies and gentlemen passed through here on Saturday on their way to Mr. W. Wilson's. A birthday party.

Mr. Wm. Kreamer was in town on Saturday.

Miss Hattie Kreamer of Lock Haven, and Miss Hattie Fetterman of Bloomsburg were visiting at Mr. C. Kreamer's.

Miss Sallie Watson and Miss Cora Lee have gone to Bloomsburg to attend school.

A number of our boys were out gunning on the first. They report squirrels scarce.

Last week Messrs Crosgrove and McVicker were threshing in this vicinity with a steamer. It excited much curiosity, and many went to see it working.

The supervisors have been making a much needed repair on the roads in town. Now gentlemen, go into the country and do likewise.

The yearly examination of teachers was held in the school house on Saturday. Ten applicants presented themselves for examination. The examinations are somewhat difficult, justly so, because they secure the survival of the fittest. A course of action which meets the approval of all thinking persons, and proves Supt. Grimes to be the right man in the right place. L. Y.

A Description by Raleigh.

The following is a description of an Indian fig tree which he saw growing in America:

"They grow," he says, "in moist ground, and in this manner: After they are first shot up some twenty or thirty foot in length (some more, some less, according to the soil) they spread a very large top, having no bough nor twig in the trunk or stem; for from the utmost end of the head-branch, there issueth out a gummy juice which hangeth downward like a cord or sinew, and within a few months reacheth the ground, which it no sooner toucheth but it taketh root, and then, being filled, both from the top boughs and from his own proper root; this cord maketh itself a tree exceeding hastily. From the utmost boughs of these young trees there fall again the like cords, which in one year, and less (in that world of perpetual spring), become also trees of the bigness of the nether part of a lance, and as straight as nature and art can make anything; casting such a shade and making such a grove, as no other tree in the world can do. Now, one of these trees, considered with all his young ones may, indeed, shroud four hundred, or four thousand horsemen, if they please, for they cover whole valleys. But that they bear any such huge leaves, or only such delicate fruit, I could never find."

The leaves and fruit here referred to are those of India. L. J.

Arrangement for the transportation of passengers to the State Fair, at Philadelphia, September 8th to 20th, 1884, over the lines of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad.

The general arrangement is for the sale of special excursion tickets, including admission coupon to the Fair, from all points on the line of this Company, in Pennsylvania, at a rate of two (2) cents per mile, with the addition of fifty (50) cents for admission to the Fair. The tickets are good for three (3) days and are on sale from all stations north of Bridgeport and Jenkintown, and on the New York Branch from Bound Brook to Jenkintown (inclusive).

The special arrangement will be as follows:—

Special excursion will be run from all points interested at the low rate of half-fare, tickets to be good going on special train only, but to return on any train of day of excursion or day following. For excursions of Saturday tickets will be good until Monday following.

September 11th, 1884.

From Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin and all points in the Mahanoy and Susquehanna Region as far south as Tamaqua.

September 13th and 18th, 1884.

From Main Line points (Pottsville to Bridgeport, inclusive), Reading and Columbia, Lebanon Valley and East Pennsylvania, Schuylkill and Lehigh, and Lebanon and Tremont points.

September 16th, 1884.

From Bethlehem Branch (Bethlehem to Jenkintown, inclusive), including Doylestown Branch and N. E. P. R. R. points.

September 17th, 1884.

From New York Branch (Bound Brook to Jenkintown, inclusive), and Trenton Branch points.

Owing to the superior attractions which will be displayed this year, the attendance will far surpass all previous exhibitions, and we therefore offer the above unusual accommodations in order to give all an opportunity to attend.

C. G. Hancock,
G. P. and T. A.

Greenwood.

Well, the long looked-for, wished-for rain fell last Saturday, and it fell without giving much warning. No one seemed to know of a shower, until all at once: patter, patter it came on the roofs. It was quite laughable to see the people running in great haste to reach shelter.

Miss Minnie Welliver is visiting her brother at Dushore. She expects to remain a few weeks.

A festival will be held at the Methodist church at West Greenwood next Saturday evening. Come one, come all, do not stay at home, thinking that if you go some one will come round saying: "Mr. ——— won't you give twenty-five or fifty votes?" but come and participate in the anticipated good time.

Miss Bertha Mather and Miss Minnie Eves were visiting friends near Berwick last week.

Mr. William Cox has purchased a new top buggy; also Mr. Clyde Vanhorn.

The peaches are scarce in this section of the country, but the way the apple limbs droop we think there will be a few apples to pass the time away.

A number of the people of Greenwood and Millville visited Lewis' Lake last week.

Services were held in the Evangelical church last Sunday evening by Rev. Messenger. His subject was "True Brotherhood."

Several of the Greenwooders attended camp-meeting at Harveyville and all enjoyed themselves exceedingly well. The ground is beautifully located, and plenty of cool water close by. The speaking was splendid and the choir furnished excellent music.

Benton.

It is not as dry as it was. The farmers are happy, the ground is soaked.

Come, Mr. Committeeman, how about that Cleveland club? Call out the band and hunt them up.

Mr. John Lazarus went angling last week one day and "hooked" seventeen white chubs, none under a foot in length. Such a fine string of fish has not been caught along the creek for many a long day. Where are the professional fishermen.

Notwithstanding the hard times, our merchants are busy all the time, and the mechanics, too. And how could it be otherwise, as this is the metropolis of the great Fishingcreek valley and the business centre of the whole community. The lumber trade is also quite extensive here.

If the centre of attraction, viz: the camp-meeting on Bloomingdale charge, near Harveyville, drew from all parts of the surrounding country, as the roads leading in that direction from Benton, Stillwater and Orangeville indicated from the numerous conveyances, continual traveling, and all seemingly bent for that place on Sunday last, there must have been a vast multitude assembled. Sis, at our elbow, suggests that they couldn't have seen the meeting for the people.

Mrs. Kennedy, aged seventy-eight years, died on Friday last, and was buried on Sunday. Rev. Savage preached the funeral-sermon at the house of Jonas Doty, her son-in-law, where she died.

The morals of a community are moulded and shaped by various influences which are brought to bear upon all classes, conditions, ages and sexes. There are counter influences always at work, good and bad, and the character of a community may always be known by the influences which are prevalent. Hence the knowledge of good and evil instinctively stamped upon the conscience of every sane individual to discern from right and wrong, is a powerful barrier to attempt to force across the threshold of justice in direct violation of conscience. Just here is where the power and will of the individual is asserted, for here is where the tempter comes in all his forms and devices, and here is where the battle is fought, the victory won or lost, and the individual stands or falls, is honored or ashamed. The conscience once crossed it becomes an easy thing to cross and recross from mere moral force of habit. It is always safe to "dare to do right."

Buckhorn.

Buckhorn was well represented at the Reformed harvest home near Heller's church on Friday last.

A dwelling house belonging to Hiram Neihart was destroyed by fire last Friday night. The origin of the fire is a mystery, as the house was unoccupied at the time.

On Saturday last the Lutheran Sunday School attempted to hold their annual picnic in Henrie's grove, but owing to the showery weather they were obliged to repair to the church where the day was spent in what might be termed a church sociable. Some one has said "What is home without a mother," but what is a picnic without peanuts and candies. The old folks will not indulge that makes such meagre preparations.

Hugh Appleman, Wm. Eyerly, Peter Bruggler, and Clark Pursel took in William's Grove picnic last week. Hugh and Peter took advantage of the excursions and visited the battle ground of Gettysburg, also the Indian school at Carlisle. Clark purchased another separator. We hope he will not be so unfortunate with this one as with the others.

Miss Clara Ent of Light Street, was entertained a few days by her cousins, Misses Jennie and Laura Deitterick.

Rev. Stevens delivered a very interesting and instructive sermon last Sunday evening on the subject of "Fault Finding."

Master Milton Shoemaker from near Orangeville, was home to see his mother on Sunday last. Milt stays well for a boy of his age.

Of late years the young men of Light Street have had quite a hankering for our stores, and did not rest until they possessed both of them. The indications are now that two more of them will not be satisfied until they have both of our girls.

Our miners are looking for better days, as Irondale is opening up old works and putting in new hands.

Austin Ohl has returned from his stay in Centre county.

Lloyd Bomboy who for the past summer was selling fruit trees in the west, is visiting relatives until the time of delivery when he expects to return.

Miss Hattie Appleman is spending a few weeks with friends at Benton.

Miss Blanche Shoemaker is now in Danville.

We are glad to learn that Raymond Stecker is able to be about again.

Messrs. Kistler, Hartman, and Langfield are attending the Bloomsburg Normal School.

On Saturday Sept. 13th, the Buckhorn band will hold a festival. We expect no other than a big time as this is the first of the season. Some neighboring band is to be present. May our boys meet with success.

September did not number one,
Before was heard the hunting gun.
Now squirrels, whisper your chatter,
Or your forms with shot they'll spatter.

Fairy.

Centralia.

Robert Harris, employed at Logan colliery, had his hand badly bruised by a piece of coal on Tuesday. Dr. Gwinner amputated two of his fingers in order to save the hand.

The little handful of Republicans in town organized a Blaine and Logan club on Wednesday evening, in the school building. We could not learn the number of signers, but there must have been ten or fifteen, as we saw about that number enter the building.

What we want next is a Cleveland and Hendricks club, with a membership of two or three hundred. Let some of our young Democrats make the start, and throw their banner to the breeze next week.

The Buck Mountain vein has been reached by tunnelling at North Ashland, and preparations are being made to have the gangways driven as soon as possible.

The new slope at the Continental is also completed, and the gangways driven far enough to open two breasts.

The Polish woman who murdered her child last week, was not taken to jail, as erroneously stated in last week's issue, but escaped from the house in her husband's clothing. The officer guarding the premises thinking it was one of the boarders, allowed her to pass, and nothing has been heard of her since. The supposition is that she will go to her native land.

John Early, who buried his wife and daughter inside of a month, from a strange disease existing in Dark Corner, died himself on Wednesday. Several children have also died with it and a number are sick. The doctors are of the opinion that the disease originated from the stagnant water used by the people there.

S. H. Daw's circus exhibited here on Wednesday afternoon and evening, to large audiences. During the performance in the evening the seats gave way, and for awhile the greatest excitement prevailed. Fortunately, no one was hurt and the performance proceeded to a close. The acting of the Belmont brothers was the only feature worth mentioning, the rest being silly in the extreme.

Despite the heavy rain Saturday afternoon hundreds of people witnessed the game of ball between the Centralia and Locust Gap teams, which resulted in a victory for the home nine, by a score of 7 to 3. The return game will be played in Locust Gap on Saturday.

John McCarty, local editor of the Shenandoah *Herald*, was in town this week looking up business. The paper appeared on Saturday for the first time in an enlarged form, and was chuck full of very interesting reading.

The collieries are all idle this week with the exception of Centralia colliery, which worked on Monday.

Reese Davis and family spent last week in the country camping out.

Arthur E. Jones, inside foreman at the Continental, has been ill the past week.

The students of Dickinson Seminary, who spent their vacation here, returned to school on Monday.

Harry Ferguson and John Irvin, who were inhaling the sea breezes of Atlantic City the past two weeks, came home on Saturday with peeled noses.

Mr. Gable of Shamokin, spent Sunday in town with friends.

Among the visitors in town this week are Mrs. Farnsworth of San Francisco, Col. Mr. and Mrs. Heffron of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Mumford of Mauch Chunk.

Miss Marie Kane of town, is visiting friends in Philadelphia.

The brick engine house for the Edison Illuminating Company in Ashland, was completed on Saturday last, and the company will illuminate the town in a week or two. What with the Houston electric light, gas, gasoline, etc., Ashland will be much brighter in regard to light than anything else.

A marriage is announced for next week between a Mr. Kinney of Wilkesbarre and Lizzie McCarty of this place. Extensive preparations are being made for the happy event, which will no doubt eclipse anything in the matrimonial line that we have had for some time.

Berwick.

Mr. Thos. Miles and lady returned from Centre county Friday evening, where they had been visiting relatives.

Mrs. S. H. Peck and daughter of Northumberland, after spending Sunday with her parents, returned home Monday morning.

Miss Minnie Bower returned to Hackettstown Seminary, Thursday.

Mr. Wm. M. Gross reached here from Muncy, Monday evening.

Mr. J. D. Creasy, wife and daughter, visited relatives and friends in this place during the early part of the week.

Mrs. Jas. Pierce and son returned from a visit to Watsontown, Tuesday.

Prof. Harrison of Easton is visiting in town.

Messrs. Little, Stewart, Reedy and Clemens are spending the week fishing and hunting at Stackhouse pond.

Jesse Edwards' son Carl has been suffering with cholera infantum for the last week.

Hugh Linden is the happy possessor of a bouncing boy, born Sunday morning.

The club of this place played six innings with the Bloomsburg boys Saturday after the rain and were defeated by a score of 13 to 4.

A party of young folks made a moonlight trip to Bloomsburg, Monday evening on the steamer Empire and enjoyed themselves immensely.

Mr. G. W. Patterson and Miss Anna Heavner were united in marriage Saturday evening by Rev. L. M. Kumbler. The guests presented the couple with many elegant presents, and after partaking of a sumptuous repast, returned to their different homes.

The races last Saturday at the fair grounds between John Henry and Gov. Crapo both of Wilkesbarre were won by the former in three successive heats.

Death of Mathias Robbins.

Died August 12th, 1884.

Mathias Robbins was born in Columbia county, Pa., in the Spring of 1796. About 50 years ago he emigrated with his family to Wood county, O. Here he endured many hardships incident to a pioneer's life. The M. E. ministers found a resting place with him; for several years regular preaching and weekly prayer-meeting were held in his house. His wife preceded him 40 years ago, leaving him with several small children, who have been his companions and comfort, in his declining years. He removed to Boone county, Ill., thirty-five years ago, where he has since resided. He was a kind father, a consistent Christian, and enjoyed the good will and confidence of all who knew him. His end was that of the upright who die in peace. Isaac Robbins, now living in Sugar Valley, Clinton county, Pa., is the only survivor of the family.—*South Bend (Ind.) Times.*

School books at the Peoples' Drug Store.

Miss Mellah Turnbach, a daughter of Samuel Turnbach of this place met with a serious accident on Saturday last. She was carrying a kettle of boiling water, and fell, the water falling over her. The one side of her body was completely drenched, the water penetrating her clothing and producing painful scalds. She suffered greatly on Saturday evening and Sunday, but at present writing is improving rapidly.

The *Republican* of this week is alarmed lest "the good name of Columbia county will be besmirched," by the election of Mr. Snyder for Prothonotary. The reason they fall upon Mr. Snyder is because they have a vain hope of electing their candidate. They cry fraud and corruption expecting to avert attention of the voters. This won't avail. If the candidate for prothonotary has obtained his nomination by illegal methods the standing committee will demand his withdrawal. Until that is done, the democratic voters will continue to give their support to Mr. Snyder, and elect him by a handsome majority.

Saturn in the Western Sky.

Saturn is morning star and outranks the other planets in the important materials he affords for study. Not only is he a beautiful object in the sky during almost the entire night, but he is also approaching the earth under favorable conditions seldom surpassed in his long career. On the 16th, at 10 o'clock in the morning, he is in quadrature with the sun on his western side. He is then ninety degrees distant from the sun, at what may be called the half-way house between conjunction and opposition, and is in fine position for observation both with the naked eye and the telescope. He is also conveniently situated for this purpose, rising now at half-past 11 o'clock in the evening, and, at the end of the month, making his appearance at half-past 9 o'clock. He reigns alone for awhile, but his short-lived supremacy soon ends, Venus appearing upon the scene and outshining her giant brother as well as all the lesser lights.

During this year and the next the finest telescopic views of Saturn and his rings may be obtained in northern latitudes. For during this time he passes his perihelion, reaches his greatest northern declination and his rings are open to their widest extent, these events occurring before the year 1885 closes. The first fruits of observations of the mysterious rings under the present favorable conditions of Saturn's appearance and also under atmospherical conditions of exceptional purity have already appeared. The Messrs. Henry, of the Observatory of Paris, with the 15 inch equatorial of the Observatory, a magnifying power of one thousand, have obtained some wonderful views of the rings. They announce outside of the known rings the existence of a small bright ring on the outer border of the outer ring, nearly corresponding in width to the division of the outer ring.

There is a noteworthy analogy between the solar system and the Saturnian system. The sun is surrounded by eight planets and a ring of asteroids. Saturn is surrounded by eight moons and a ring resembling in some of its features the zone of asteroids.—*Providence Journal.*

What Constitutes a Supplement.

Frequently publishers are called on to fold circulars in their papers that were printed at other offices, and yet bear headings to the paper in which they are to be folded. Many have consented, and have thus sent out these circulars or special advertisements, probably not knowing that they were violating the postal laws. The following rulings we take from the United States Official Postal Guide, for January, 1884, which are found on pages 491 and 492:

419. "A supplement which contains any advertisements whatever must bear the title, date, and number of the paper which it purports to supplement, and must be printed at the office of publication of such paper, except in the case of supplements containing legal advertisements, such as tax sales, which may be printed at another office than that of the paper with which they are mailed."

421. "No supplement can be accepted as legitimate which contains one or more large displayed advertisements, not in common with advertisements in the paper itself, or in which the reading matter is composed almost entirely of clippings, or of recommendations of the persons or things advertised."

424. "The words "supplement to," etc., printed on a poster, hand-bill, or special advertisement of some corporation, company, or person, does not change its character from third to second-class matter; when inclosed in second-class matter they not only subject the packages to the charge of third-class rates at offices of delivery but also subject publishers to a fine of ten dollars for every package mailed containg such inclosures."

Deeds Recorded.

The following deeds have been recorded since those last published:

Catharine and Samuel Leiby to Lydia Snyder, Conyngham.

C. B. Brockway and wife to Charles Stohner, Sugarloaf.

C. B. Brockway and wife to Anna M. Stohner, Sugarloaf.

Augustus G. Frick executor et al to Perry A. Black, Jackson.

William A. Ellis and wife to D. M. Hinkel and wife, Catawissa.

William Reece and wife to Trustees of the Evangelical church, Greenwood.

Wm. T. Creasy, et al to Francis P. Creasy, Catawissa.

J. K. Evans, et al to Maria Evans, Bloomsburg.

Jas. Craig and Amsey Craig, treasurer to George F. Craig, Roaringcreek.

Richard Hess, et al to Josiah P. Fritz, Sugarloaf.

Jesse Hess, administrator to Josiah P. Fritz, Sugarloaf.

H. A. Sweppenheiser, treasurer to David Welsh, Centralia.

Joseph Hess and wife to Thomas McHenry, Benton.

Clemuel R. Woodin and wife to board of trustees of the Y. M. C. A., Berwick.

Elizabeth S. Jackson to the same.

Peter Swank and wife to Joseph Craig, Roaringcreek.

William and Jacob Oman, executor to Samuel H. Oman, Mt. Pleasant.

Sarah A. Holden et al to Daniel Rhoads, Locust.

Elias George and wife to the same.

William Oman and wife to John K. Woodin, Mt. Pleasant.

Isaac Mordan and wife to Nicholas Beagle, Madison.

Philip Miller and wife to the same.

Samuel Yost and wife to Mary Driesbach, Fishingcreek.

Samuel Y. Penington and wife to same.

William Moyer and wife to F. W. Albertson, Greenwood.

Franklin Rhoads et al to John Klingerman, Beaver.

Hiram Sugars and wife to Joseph A. Hartzel, Main.

John Harman and wife to Joseph Hartzel, Main.

John W. Shuman and wife to Martha J. Giger, Main.

Harvey J. Keller to Elizabeth Hensinger, Mifflin.

Allen Mann, executor to Mary M. Campbell, Catawissa.

T. C. Harter and wife to B. Frank Zarr, Scott.

Hiram Tronsoe and wife to the same.

Mary M. Campbell to B. Frank Zarr Catawissa.

A. K. Mensch and wife to Franklin Achy, Centralia.

Samuel Y. Hess and wife to Orlando Larrish, Sugarloaf.

Maria J. Headly to Adam Sult, Briarcreek.

Richard Finnell and wife to Michael Reddy, Centralia.

John Houck and wife to Geo. W. Longenberger, Beaver.

Franklin A. Shuman and wife to Mary Ann Yeager, Catawissa.

Locust Mountain Water Company to John J. Williams, Centralia.

Henry Hartzel and wife to Jacob Bredbenner, Main.

John R. Keeler to Emeline Savage, Benton.

Frederick Hosler to Elizabeth Hosler, et. al., Beaver.

I. K. Krickbam and Wm. Brink, executors, to Alexander G. Hess, Benton.

Wellington Mensch and wife to William E. Rhodes, Franklin.

Washington George and wife to Jonathan George, Locust.

John C. Yocum, administrator, to James E. Bishop, Main.

A. P. Heller and wife to D. F. Herring, Greenwood.

W. H. Rhawn and wife to S. B. Rhawn, Catawissa.

Geo. B. Rhawn and wife to Stephen B. Rhawn, Catawissa.

M. V. B. Kostenbauder and wife to S. B. Rhawn, Catawissa.

Alfred S. Kester to Legrant Adams, Briarcreek.

Henry and Franklin Rhoads to Jeremiah Miller, Locust.

John H. Fritz and wife to Washington Knouse, Jackson.

Franklin L. Shuman and wife to Elizabeth Smith, Catawissa.

Lloyd Paxton to Mary C. Himton, Montour.

J. H. Vanderslice to J. H. White, executor to John G. Shollenberger, Scott.

Charles B. Fowler, et al to Martha C. Ferris, Briarcreek.

Jacob Hartman committee to Philip Shumaker, Hemlock.

Philip Shumaker to Jacob Hartman, Hemlock.

George W. Fisher and wife to William Confair, Main.

J. Paul Fry and wife to Charles Ashleman, Beaver.

Solomon H. Bredbenner, executor to Catharine Fry, Beaver.

Elmira Rantz and husband to Thos. J. Bender, Benton.

Rebecca Kline and widow et al to John F. Mengle and wife, Orange.

Geo. A. Herring and wife to Camden Mears, Orange.

C. B. Brockway and wife to James M. Riley, Centralia.

Edward Hagerty to Mariah Hagerty, Centralia.

MARRIAGES.

GROSZ—BROWN.—Mr. Daniel Grosz of Wapwallopen was united in holy wedlock to Miss Elizabeth Brown also of Wapwallopen, at the Ev. Lutheran parsonage, Berwick, Pa., August 16th, 1884, by Rev. J. P. German.

BITTENBENDER — READLER. — At the residence of the bride's parents in Briggsville, by Rev. J. P. German, Mr. W. K. Bittenbender, and Miss Amanda Readler, both of Briggsville, August 26th, 1884.

DEATHS.

WILSON.—Near Forks on the 20th, ult., Mrs. Lucinda Wilson, widow of Rev. Elijah Wilson, aged 65 years, 2 months and 19 days.

LOCAL NOTICES.

9999 1-9 spring chickens,
8888 1-8 old hens,
7777 1-7 pigeons,
6666 1-6 ducks,
5555 1-5 geese,
4444½ good calves,
3333½ large shoats,
2222½ lbs. pitted cherries,
1111 lbs. dried raspberries.
All the above wanted at Light Street, by
July 25-3m SILAS YOUNG.

Go to B. F. Sharpless' foundry, near L. & B. depot, for the best Phosphate for wheat and grass.

LUMBER.—Planing mill in lumber yard. I have all kinds of worked lumber—white pine, yellow pine and hemlock flooring; white pine and hemlock German siding, surface boards, surface siding, wainscoting, moulding. All kinds of lumber in rough, at Lightstreet, by
aug 22-3m Silas Young.

LUMBER! LUMBER!! FOR SALE CHEAP.

Hemlock boards, plank 2 by 4, joice, bill stuff, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 feet long worked lumber, flooring, German and bevel siding, surface boards and siding, sawed shingles No 1, 2 and 3, chestnut, hemlock and pine, shingle and ceiling lath.

I have made arrangements with a couple of steam saw mills if there is any thing that I have'nt got I can get it at short notice at Light Street by
July 25-3 m SILAS YOUNG.

New goods at J. B. Skeer's.

Hogs that weigh from 100, 110, 125, 130, 140 to 150 lbs., a piece a lot of nice clean thrifty hogs for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. Sept 5.4w

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SHILOH'S CURE WILL

Immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis. Sold by Moyer Bros.

RESTORATIVE WINE.

If you are weak and suffering from general debility, you should use Speer's Port Grape Wine, it will purify your blood, restore digestion and makes you feel like a younger person. For sale by druggists.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH

and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by Moyer Bros.

CATARRH CURED,

health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by Moyer Bros.

WILL YOU SUFFER

with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by Moyer Bros.

For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Moyer Bros.

"HACKMETACK,"

A lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Moyer Bros.

DETECTIVES AND PRIVATE OFFICERS

Usually wear their badges of authority concealed under their clothing, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil wears its badges in the form of printed labels attached to each and every bottle, so that all may know its mission. It is given full and complete authority to arrest all aches and pains, and does its duty every time.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

And liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Sold by Moyer Bros.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER

is what you need for Constipation, loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Moyer Bros.

SHILOH'S COUGH

and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. For sale by Moyer Bros.

See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards, picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged.
Sold by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg.
sept 22-1y

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY,

A positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria and canker mouth. Sold by Moyer Bros.

THE KIND WE LIKE.

The medicine we most like is that which does its work quick and well. Burdock Blood Bitters are the quickest kind of a cure for dyspepsia and liver and kidney affections.

WHY WILL YOU

Cough when Shiloh's Cure will give you immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1. Sold by Moyer Bros.

THAT HACKING COUGH

can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Moyer Bros.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS,

made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Moyer Bros.

ARE YOU MADE

Miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Moyer Bros.

WHAT THREE APPLICATIONS DID.

"I was troubled very much with sore feet. Three applications of Thomas' Eclectric Oil entirely cured them. Nothing better in the market." Jacob Butler, Reading, Pa.

THE REV. GEORGE H. THAYER,

of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by Moyer Bros.

A NASAL INJECTOR

Free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by Moyer Bros.

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice 15c.

"Rough on Corns," for corns, bunions, 15c.

Thin people. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. $1.

"Rough on Toothache," instant relief. 15c.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Buchu paiba," great kidney and urinary cure.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

"Rough on Coughs," troches, 15c; liquid, 25c.

For children, slow in development, puny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Dentist" tooth powder. Try it. 15c.

Nervous weakness, dyspepsia sexual debility cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation; tasteless. 25c.

Stinging, irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

"My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer."

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America; "Buchu-paiba" is a quick, complete cure. $1.
June 16-1y eow

HARD CASES.

I have used Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir on some of the hardest cases in town. It works like a charm. Respectfully yours,
D. H. BAXTER, Druggist.
Corning, N. Y., Jan. 11th, '83.
For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy Bloomsburg Pa.

HARD CASES.

I have used Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir on some of the hardest cases in town. It works like a charm. Respectfully yours,
D. H. BAXTER, Druggist.
Corning, N. Y., Jan. 11, 1883.
Corning, N. Y., Feb. 14, 1883.

John H. Phelps, Pharmacist, Dear Sir—I was troubled with Sciatic Rheumatism for nearly six months in both hips, and after trying all available cures and medicines without success, I at last was recommended your Rheumatic Elixir, and after using five and one-half bottles I am pleased to state that I am entirely cured. I before could hardly drag my feet after me, now am able to work and lift as good as ever, and have no fear of being attacked again. You may publish this if you wish.
Yours truly,
James Higgins.
For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy Bloomsburg Pa.

MADE A NEW MAN.

Mr. John H. Phelps, Dear Sir—In regard to your Rheumatic Elixir, I would say that I was in a fearful condition before I commenced to take it. It has really made a new man of me. I can cheerfully recommend it to all those suffering with that terrible disease—rheumatism. I remain yours respectfully, Francis H. Earl.
Spring street, Newton, N. J., Nov. 15, '81.
For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy, Bloomsburg Pa.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 90
Rye " "	70
Corn " "	65
Oats " "	40
Flour ber barrel	6 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Butter	20
Eggs	15
Tallow	06
Potatoes new	40
Dried Apples	06
Hams	14
Sides and shoulders	10
Chickens	12
Turkeys	12
Lard per pound	18
Hay per ton	13 00
Beeswax	25
Buckwheat flour per hundred	3 00
Hides per lb	5 to 7
Veal skins per lb	08
Sheep pelts, each	75
Wool per lb	30

Philadelphia Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FEED—Western winter bran, spot, @15.37½.

MACKEREL.—Extra mess 35c. large 1's, 28 @ 30c. extra shore 1's 25 @ 28c.

FLOUR.—Western extra's 3.00 @ 3.50; Penn'a. family, 4.25 @ 4.50 Ohio clear, 4.75 @ 5.00; winter patent 5.50 @ 6.25.

WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, new, 96

CORN.—Mixed lots, 64 @ 64½.

OATS.—No. 3 white @ 41 No. 2, 43.

HAY AND STRAW Timothy—Choice Western and New York, $16. fair to good Western and New York, 14. @ 15.; medium Western and New York, 10. @ 12.; Cut hay as to quality 16. @ 18.00. Rye straw new, 15.00 Wheat straw, 9. @ 10. Oat straw 9 @ 10.

WOOL.—Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, Fleece Washed, XX and above, 32 @ 34c; X 30 @ 32c; common 22 @ 24c. Texas, Spring clip fine 20 @ 22, medium 20 @ 24 course, 16 @ 17.

EGGS.—Pennsylvania extra, 21 @ 22 western 17½ @ 18.

BUTTER.—Pennsylvania extra, 21 @ 22 Western extra 21 @ 22.

LIVE POULTRY.—Fowls, 16½ @ 17 mixed lots 15½ @ 16 roosters old 9 @ 10c; spring chickens as to size and quality 15@18.

DRESSED POULTRY.—Chickens extra 17 @ 19½; spring chickens as to weight and quality 14 @ 16.

POTATOES.—Per bushel 75 @ 90; per barrel 1.75 @ 2.00.

ONIONS.—Maryland per barrel 3.00 a 3.25; North Carolina 2.50 a 2.75.

CABBAGE.—New, per barrel 75c a 1.00.

TOMATOES.—Per crate 40 a 50c

APPLES.—Yellow harvest 1.00 a 1.50 per barrel.

PEACHES.—1.50 a 3.00 per bushel.

Green Crops of Manure.

That plowing under green crops is one of the cheapest and easiest methods of manuring land is admitted by all farmers, but the difficulty is that they imagine they make a sacrifice of a clover crop simply to grow another perhaps of less value. If they will make a careful comparison of the expense of material and labor required for manuring with that from the barnyard and that from the grass crop the advantage is largely in favor of green manuring. To properly manure an acre of land not less than eighty-two horse-wagon loads are required for each inch thickness of material placed upon the land, and in estimating its value there must be considered the cost of the manure itself, the labor of the driver and horses, and the time expended in going from the barnyard to the field (of course, the greater the distance the longer the time), the loading of the wagon and the spreading of the manure after it reaches the field. These items of expense are naturally expected, and are necessary; but though the practice is common, few farmers are willing to derive the same results expected from the manure by the apparent sacrifice of a grass crop. They content themselves with the fact that they frequently turn under a sod, which is equivalent, in their opinion, to green manuring.

Plowing under a crop, however, is a different matter from turning over a sod. A sod leaves a mellow, fine soil, which is always desirable, but a crop not only carries with it all that may be derived from turning under the sod, but lightens the soil, and adds double the amount of fertilizing matter, as compared with that carried under with the sod. Another point to be observed is that sod land is never plowed until the crop has matured—that is, borne seed, and taken everything from the soil required by the leaves, stems and roots. When green manurial crops are plowed under, however, the maturity of the crop is not necessary, and hence the land is not deprived of those substances which enter into the composition of the seeds, and which are more exhausting than any other portion of the crop. If, however, a crop is desired, the grass may be cut as soon as it flowers, and the second crop may be allowed to grow up for manure. The consequence will be that expense is saved in hauling, loading and material; but, what is more important, there will be a saving of labor in destroying weeds, which is equally as arduous as transporting the manure. The grass crop effectually clears the land of all other intruders.

Green manurial crops are not confined to grass alone. Even the weeds may be utilized, provided they are not allowed to seed before being plowed under, and by sowing lime over the land after each plowing there will be no acididity of the soil, while the rotting process will be performed more speedily and the benefit increased. It may be inquired in what manner the grass makes the soil more fertile by merely restoring the elements it receives from the soil. The grass, while deriving nourishment first operates on the insoluble mineral substances and returns them to the sod in an available condition along with other fertilizing material appropriated from the rains and atmosphere. Green manuring not only increases the fertility of the soil, but reduces it to a mechanical condition far superior to that effected by implements; and it is safe to assert that during the period of growth the shading of the soil adds largely to the advantages secured by the land from the growth of the manurial crops.

The Cultivation of Quinces.

Within a few years the raising of quinces has become more popular, and we notice that far more attention is paid in cultivating them. Formerly it was the fashion, at least in this section of Pennsylvania, to set out the trees, frequently in grass, or allow grass to grow thickly around them, and then let them fare the best they could. The result is that, after bearing a few knotty specimens for a few years, the bottom of the stem is riddled with the worm and the tree gradually dies with it, and he at once declares that quince raising won't do in this section. The truth, however is, that quinces can be grown here as well as apples or pears, and with quite as little trouble. The tree takes up little room, and can be placed in almost any out of the way corner, but kept clear of undergrowth and the ground stirred up occasionally. In fact they should have about the same treatment as dwarf pears. The worm must of course be sought for two or three times a year, pursued in their runs with a piece of wire; or cut out with a strong sharp pointed knife, and the place well dosed with salt, as well as the surface of the ground nearly to the extent of the branches. The lives of trees, properly cared for, may last from ten to fifteen years; but our own practice has been, when one planting of trees should show signs of decay, to set out another, in order that by the time the first runs out its usefulness, the other will have come fully into bearing. The quince tree is an early bearer, and, when covered with large, smooth golden specimens, is a beautiful sight. It is true the fruit it not of any considerable value, as it can be used only for preserving in some fashion; still, it sells freely in market, and commands a good paying price.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

New Things in Watermelons.

FLAVORED WITH VANILLA AND LEMON, MADE INTO SALADS AND EATEN WITH BEANS.

There's no fear of a watermelon famine this season," said a dealer at Arch street wharf recently, as he gazed upon a pile of the luscious, green-coated fruit. They are coming in by the boat-load. They come mostly from Jersey and Maryland just now. Early in the season they come from as far south as Georgia and Florida. They range in price from two dollars to fifteen dollars a hundred."

"Where do the go mostly?"

"To hotels and house; to summer-resort hotels in particular, a few are bought for private families. But they cant be relied upon to make an every-day trade. The poor people buy them a good deal on Saturdays for Sunday dinners. Young people buy them for what they call watermelon parties. After they eat out the red part they enjoy themselves by banging the rinds on one another's heads. A good many times they supplement the rinds with their fists. The boarding house and hotel trade is a pretty steady one. You see, twenty cents' worth of melon will make a big show and go a great way as desert.

"Any new varieties this year?"

"Well, we have the vanilla and the lemon-flavored watermelon. They are got by injecting the vanilla flavor or inserting a bit of lemon into the stem while the melon is growing. The flavoris taken up by the pulp and makes a delicious combination. Only epicures know of this wrinkle and we therefore have few of the doctored species on sale. You can get a toothsome dish by plugging a melon, injecting a little fine claret, restoring the plug and allowing the wine to be taken up by the fruit. But, beware, the combination is as seductive as Roman punch.

"Any new ways of preparing the melon for table?"

"Well, I've been eating melons for forty years and I still prefer 'em plain. Some of my customers, however, like 'em mixed. One of my best boarding-house customers has wetermelon salad every Sunday in the season. She prepares it she says, just as she does lettuce—cuts the red part of the melon up into bits and adds pepper, salt, vinegar and oil. It ought to make 'em sick, but she does say her boarders just fight for it. Another family that I know of pour molasses on their melons. A good many people, I believe, always add a squeeze of lemon to the fruit. A Boston family that deal with me are always particular to have their melons firm and just ripe and don't haggle about price when they find 'em to suit. They have the melons cut into little strips and eat 'em with cold baked beans. But, as I said before, for my part I like 'em plain."

Potting Plants.

The time for potting plants that have been set out through the summer is now at hand. A writer in the *New England Farmer* gives some suggestions on this subject that may be of benefit to our readers. He says that in cultivating plants in pots, it is important to manage in such a manner as to secure the full benefit of the soil contained in the pot. In order to do this, it is necessary to put the young plant in a small pot at first. The roots extend horizontally till they reach the sides of the pot, and then ramify along the sides, but do not turn back to permeate the soil in the centre of the pot. This is an importat point to bear in mind in managing pot plants. In order to have the earth in the pot well filled with roots from centre to circumference, place in a small pot first. When the roots have filled the outer layer of soil with their fibres, then change to a pot slightly larger in size, fill the additional space around the ball of earth with good soil and allow the roots to fully occupy that space. Thus the plant can be changed from one pot to another, gradually increasing the size, and thus secure the complete occupancy of the soil by roots. In regard to this method a writer says: The system of potting is one of the essential parts of greenhouse culture, and wherein occurs a great difference between amateur and professional growers. The amateur is apt to overpot, that is, to shift his plant from a small pot into a large one thinking that the more soil he furnishes the greater will be the luxuriance of growth. The professional usually shifts his plant from one pot to another but little larger, well knowing that the luxuriance of growth must come not so much from the quantity of soil furnished as from the amount occupied. The most superficial observer must have noticed the network of roots in contact with the sides of the pot, and the comparative occupancy of the interior areas, and the difficulty found in practice of turning back their roots so as to have a complete soil occupancy. If now these strata of earth be added successively to the circumference of these matted roots, more soil will be occupied than if the same amount of earth had been added in one thick stratum. Plants usually bloom best after the roots have well filled the earth and become a little cramped or bound by the mass of them.

Men and Mules Run Mad.

AN EPIDEMIC OF HYDROPHOBIA ON AN ALABAMA PLANTATION.

EUFAULA, Ala., Aug. 28.—The people in this neighborhood are in a state of tremendous excitement over the wholesale spread of hyprophobia on the plantation of Punch Doughtie. Dr. E. B. Johnson has just returned from Mr. Doughtie's plantation, where he had been summoned. He found thirty-two persons suffering with a disease which he at once pronounced hydrophobia in a mild form. All the sufferers were negroes. Three of them are desperately sick, one being in the throes of delirium, and so low that the Doctor says he is liable to die at any moment.

More than three weeks ago a hog bitten by a dog died on Mr. Doughtie's plantation and the carcass was given to the negroes to be converted into soap grease. Instead of utilizing it for this purpose thirty-two negroes on the place and in the neighborhood ate the flesh of the hog.

Mr. Doughtie says that on July 25th one of his dogs went mad and bit a mule and several hogs. On August 13th the first hog died, and was eaten by the negroes. Two more died on August 18th, one on August 22nd and one on August 27th, and all were eaten except the last, when the partakers of the poisoned flesh became sick. The mule exhibited signs of madness on the nineteenth day after being bitten. Eleven days after the first hog was eaten ten of the negroes were taken sick. Two days ago another dog was discovered to be mad, and was killed after having bitten a mule. Another dog on the lot is now housed, and will be experimented with for a cure. The dog that bit the mule and hogs disappeared, and the whole neighborhood is in terror lest he went among cattle and hogs throughout the belt before dying.

A dozen of the thirty-two eaters of the affected hogs are seriously sick, and the developments among the others are awaited with the greatest interest. Dr. Johnson, an able physician, says that it is a terrible case and that he fears the worst. He says that it would not surprise him if the greater number of the thirty-two persons should die.

A few days ago Mr. Doughtie rode out, at the request of a field hand, to inspect the condition of one of his mules, which was acting strangely. On reaching the pasture where a dozen mules were, the animal Mr. Doughtie was riding neighed, which attracted the attention of the other animals, and the sick one particularly, which immediately rushed on the mule and rider, and seized the saddle of the animal with his teeth. Mr. Doughtie dismounted and succeeded in loosening the mad mule's hold, but no sooner was this done than the infuriated beast turned upon his owner, who fled for his life, pursued by the mule. There was a desperate race of a quarter of a mile through undergrowth, and Mr. Doughtie only saved himself by dodging around saplings. A small stretch of clearing intervened between the woods and the house, and the terrified man took a life-and-death chance on making it. Before leaving the woods the mule had bitten out a piece of Mr. Doughtie's coat, and while maneuvring around the tree, the animal bit himself savagely in several places, tearing out a mouthful of flesh each time. The race for the house was a close one, and just as Mr. Doughtie reached the top of the fence the mule overtook him on a dead run, but instead of reaching his victim struck his head against a fence post in a wild rush and was knocked senseless. The mule was afterward killed by Mr. Doughtie.

It is now reported that the whole herd of mules is affected. Many of them have leaped the fences and will, doubtless, spread the disease among other animals in the neighborhood. The community is at a loss how to arrest the disease.

A Touching Incident.

A YOUNG GIRL'S DEMENTIA—HOW IT WAS OCCASIONED—SOME NEW AND STARTLING TRUTHS.

The St. Louis express, on the New York Central road was crowded one evening recently, when at one of the way stations, an elderly gentleman, accompanied by a young lady, entered the cars and finally secured a seat. As the conductor appproached the pair, the young lady arose and in a pleading voice said:

"Please, sir, don't let him carry me to the asylum. I am not crazy; I am a little tired, but not mad. Oh! no indeed. Won't you please have papa take me back home?"

The conductor, accustomed though he was to all phases of humanity, looked with astonishment at the pair as did the other passengers in their vicinity. A few words from the father, however, sufficed, and the conductor passed on whille the young lady turned her face to the window. The writer chanced to be seated just behind the old gentleman and could not forego the desire to speak to him. With a sad face and a trembling voice the father said:

"My daughter has been attending the seminary in a distadt town and was succeeding remarkably. Her natural qualities, together with a great ambition, placed her in the front ranks af the school, but she studied too closely, was not careful of her health, and her poor brain has been turned. I am taking her to a private asylum where we hope she will soon be better."

At the next station the old man and his daughter left the cars, but the incident, so suggestive of Shakspeare's Opelia, awakened strange thoughts in the minds of the writer. It is an absolute fact that while the population of America increased thirty per cent. during the decade between 1870 and 1880 the insanity increase was *over one hundred and thirty five per cent* for the same period. Travelers by rail, by boat or in carriages in any part of the land see large and elaborate buildings, and inquire what they are?

"Insane asylums?

"Who builds them?

Each state; every county: hundreds of private individuals, and in all cases their capacity is tasked to the utmost.

Why?

Because men, in business and the professions, women at home or in society, and children at school overtax their mntal and nervous forces by work, worry and care. This brings about nervous disorders, indigestion and eventually mania.

It is not always trouble with the head that causes insanity. It far oftener arises from evils in other parts of the body. The nervous system determines the status of the brain. Any one who has periodic headaches; occasional dizziness; a dimness of vision; a ringing in the ears a feverish head, frequent nausea or a sinking at the pit of the stomach, should take warning at once. The stomach and head are in direct sympathy and if one be impaired the other can never be in order. Acute dyspepsia causes more insane suicides than any other known agency and the man, woman or child whose stomach is deranged is not and cannot be safe from the coming on at any moment of mania in some one of its many terrible forms.

The value of moderation and the imperative necessity of care in keeping the stomach right must therefore be clear to all. The least appearance of indigestion, or mal-assimilation of food should be watched as carefully as the first approach of an invading army. Many means have been advocated for meeting such attacks, but all have heretofore been more or less defective. There can be little doubt, however, that for the purpose of regulating the stomach, toning it up to the proper action, keeping its nerves in a normal condition and purifying the blood, Warner's Tippecanoe The Best, excels all ancient or recent discoveries. It is absolutely pure and vegetable; it is certain to add vigor to adults, while it cannot by any possibility injure even a child. The fact that it was used in the days of the famous Harrison family is proof positive of its merit as it has so thoroughly withstood the test of time. As a tonic and revivifier it is simply wonderful. It has relieved the agony of the stomach in thousands of cases; soothed the tired nerves; produced peaceful sleep and averted the coming on of a mania more to be dreaded than death itself.

Drug clerk to diffident young lady—"Wish to get something?" Young lady, muttering—"I really believe I've forgotten what I came for. Clerk, who catches the last words—"Camphor; how much, please?"

Found—The key to the trunk of an elephant. A hair from the head of a river. A dozen feathers plucked from the "wings of the wind." A drop of blood from the heart of a stone. The diary of the "man in the moon." A boot from the foot of a mountain. The owners are requested to call, prove property, pay expenses, and take them away.

Education begins the gentleman, but reading, good company and reflection must finish him.

"Two's company and three's a crowd" applies particularly to a newly married man, his wife and his wife's mother.

Any man may do a casual act of good nature, but a continuation of them shows it is a part of their temperament.

Ask James H. Mercer about Acker's Blood Elixir, the only preparation guaranteed to cleanse the blood and remove all chronic diseases.

James H. Mercer guarantees positive relief for any cough, cold, croup, or lung complaint by using Acker's English Remedy, or will refund the money.

James H. Mercer wishes it known that he guarantees Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets to be the best remedy for indigestion ever made, they always relieve headache.

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OF CAST OR WROUGHT IRON.

Suitable for

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The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.



For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed. Set up by experienced hands and warranted to give satisfaction.

Prices and specimens of other designs sent to any address.

Address

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BLOOMSBURG PA.

May 4-tf

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THE ARTIST

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AND

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Who always gives you the latest styles, and cuts your clothing to fit you. Having had the experience for a number of years in the Tailoring Business, has learned what material will give his customers the best satisfaction for wear and style and will try to please all who give him a call. Also on hand

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HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS

Always of the latest styles. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Store next door to First National Bank

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oct. 24, 9-1

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

Dec 21-1y

STAFFORD'S EXTRA BLACKING

Gives a MORE BRILLIANT SHINE THAN ANY OTHER.

IN BOXES WHICH PREVENT SOILING THE HANDS.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

S. S. STAFFORD, New York.

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FAY'S CELEBRATED WATER-PROOF MANILLA ROOFING

Resembles fine leather; for Roofs, Outside Walls, and Inside in place of plaster. Very strong and durable. Catalogue with testimonials and samples FREE. Established 1866. W. H. FAY & CO., Camden, N. J.

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Are you failing, try WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER, a pure, clean, wholesome

TONIC,

For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs. An Unequaled Invigorant. Cures

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Headache, Fever, Ague, Chills,

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Nice to take, true merit, unequaled for TORPID LIVER and Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria, Leanness, Sexual Decline. $1.00 per bot., 6 for $5.00, at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

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Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, all Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy or Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Fleur," each $1. For SYPHILIS, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Bitter Syrup, $1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's Syphilitic Pills, $2.00; and Chapin's Syphilitic Salve, $1.00. 6 bottles Syrup, 2 of Pills, 1 Salve, by Express on receipt of $10.00, or at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

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PORTUGAL GRAPE WINE

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Used in the principal Churches for Communion. Excellent for Females, Weakly Persons and the aged.



EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

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THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards. Its invaluable,

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are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness, are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child may partake of it, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice.

Is the juice of the Oporto Grapes preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

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Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine used by the wealthy classes as a Table or Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

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Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine especially suited for dinner use.

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Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

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IS A PURE distillation from the grape, and stands unrivalled in this Country for medicinal purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled,

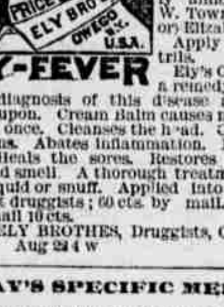
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Sep. 28-'83lyr.

CATARRH Hay Fever,



HAY-FEVER

I have been afflicted for twenty years, during the months of August and September, with Hay Fever, and have tried various remedies without relief. I was induced to try Ely's Cream Balm; have used it with favorable results, and can confidently recommend it to all similarly afflicted.—Robert W. Townley, (ex-Mayor) Elizabeth, N. J.

Apply into the nostrils.

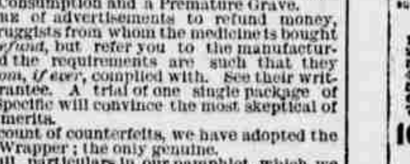
Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy founded on a correct diagnosis of this disease and can be depended upon. Cream Balm causes no pain. Gives relief at once. Cleanses the head. Causes healthy secretions. Abates inflammation. Prevents fresh colds. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. A thorough treatment will cure. Not a liquid or snuff. Applied into the nostrils. 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts. by mail. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts.

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Aug 24 4 w

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TRADE MARK THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. TRADE MARK



An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude,

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Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

BEWARE of advertisements to refund money, when druggists from whom the medicine is bought *do not refund*, but refer you to the manufacturers, and the requirements are such that they are *seldom, if ever*, complied with. See their written guarantee. A trial of one single package of Gray's Specific will convince the most skeptical of its real merits.

On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine.

☞Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or 6 packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold in Bloomsburg by all druggists.

Nov 9-1v

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ENTERTAINING AND INSTRUCTIVE PASTIME. LARGELY INCREASED NUMBERS OF MAGNIFICENT AND COSTLY PREMIUMS GIVEN.

Owing to the great success of our former Word Contest, which expired May 1st, and the many requests of persons who saw our offer too late to compete, we concluded to offer the following magnificent presents to the persons making out the largest lists of words from the letters comprising the words:

"USE DAY'S SOAP ONLY."

		Worth
1st.	Solid Gold Watch	$100
2d.	Magnificent Tea Set and Salver	100
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4th.	Lady's Gold Watch	50
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6th.	Elegant Tilting Ice Water Set, Slop & Cup	23
7th.	Toilet Stand, with Satin Lined Jewel Drawer	21
8th.	Fruit Stand, Rich, Blue or Amber Glass	$17
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12th.	Cake Stand, Chased and Gold Lined	7
13th.	Fruit Stand, Rock Crystal Cut Glass	7

100 BOXES DAY'S SOAP to be distributed among remaining highest competitors. SPECIAL PREMIUM OF $20

For the neatest list with fewest errors, provided the list has half the number of words of the highest competitor.

CONDITIONS.

First. All lists must be fully prepaid and accompanied by two cent stamp for return postage, a statement that you are using DAY'S SOAP in your family, name and address of grocer from whom you buy it, number of words in list, and your name and address, all to be written on one sheet of paper, separate from list.

Second. Words must be written plainly, numbered, and alphabetically arranged. The biographical names, names of fiction, Scripture proper names, modern geographical names, and Christian names, must be classified separately.

Third. Only words found in Webster's or Worcester's dictionary admitted; this will include any word from the first to the last with the exceptions of prefixes and suffixes as separate words and obsolete words; words of same spelling, but different meanings, to be used but once.

Fourth. Plurals of all words admitted except biographical names, names of fiction, Scripture proper names, modern geographical names, and Christian names, but apostrophes denoting possessive case or otherwise not admitted.

Fifth. No words counted unless the letters comprising them are contained in, USE DAY'S SOAP ONLY, that is, any word having over 2 A's, 1 E, 1 D, 2 O's, 1 P, 3 S's, 1 U, 1 N, 1 L, 2 Y's, will be thrown out.

Sixth. All lists must be in by December 1st, and the Premiums will be awarded Dec. 20th.

Seventh. Premiums will be given in rotation according to the largest lists of words.

Eighth. Lists must not be sent in rolls, but put in envelopes.

Ninth. Mail or send lists to our New York Office, 130-2 Reade Street, or our Philadelphia Office, 1760 Howard Street.

The DAY'S SOAP has been largely sold by Wholesale and Retail Grocers throughout the United States for five years, and wherever its merits are known it enjoys unbounded popularity. Notwithstanding these facts we have received many hundred letters from persons in our former contest, complaining that their grocer did not keep DAY'S soap, and in many instances refused flatly to supply their customers with it; not only standing in their own light, but doing as great injustice. It is to be hoped, and it is also our desire, that contestants will use every effort to have their grocers supply them, but in case they will not, we will, on receipt of $1.00, forward to any part of the United States, east of Mississippi River, express prepaid, 10 cakes, including three of our Beautifully Embossed Picture Cards.

The DAY'S SOAP is the purest and best soap made. By its use you have no Boiling, Scalding, or Hard Rubbing. It saves labor, fuel, and clothes. We will forfeit $500 if the DAY'S SOAP does not do all we claim for it if used as the directions are given on the wrapper. Beautifully Embossed Picture Cards of many different designs given. Manufactured by DAY & FRICK, 1754, 1756, 1758, 1760 & 1762 Howard St. & 1753, 1755, 1757, 1759 & 1761 Waterloo St., Phila., Pa.

June 13-13 w

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

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OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

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TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.

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The most popular resort on the Susquehanna River is the Wapwallopen Valley Hotel, Wapwallopen, Luzerne Co., Pa.

G. W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

This house has been thoroughly renovated and is fitted up with every convenience for travelers, tourists, hunting and fishing parties. It is delightfully situated in the midst of a beautiful section of river and mountain scenery in close proximity to the famous

Council Cup

and special inducements are offered to all who desire recreation combined with first class accommodations. The bar supplied only with the choicest wines and liquors, excellent stable accommodations, boats to hire &c.

No Extortionate Rate.

April 25-6m

CLEVELAND Agents wanted for authentic edition of his life; written at his own home, with his cooperation and assistance, by the renowned Goodrich. Largest, cheapest, handsomest, best. Elegantly illustrated. Costs more per copy to manufacture than the other lives that are sold for twice its price. Outsells all others ten to one. One of our agents made a profit of over $50 the first day. A harvest of gold will be realized by every worker. All new beginners succeed grandly. Terms free, and the most liberal ever offered. Save valuable time by sending 25 cts. for postage, etc., on free outfit, which includes large prospectus book. Act quickly; a day at the start is worth a week at the finish.

July 18-8w H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Me.

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The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,

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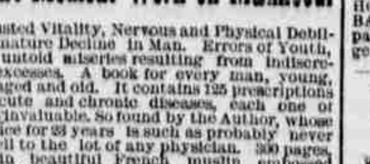
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Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases and that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without an instance of failure. Mention this paper. HEAL THYSELF

July 25-4 w d

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.



Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect May 12th, 1884. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.45 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.10 p. m.; Washington, 6.20 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

2.00 p. m.—Day express (daily), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7.25 p. m.; New York, 10.20 p. m.; Baltimore 7.20 p. m.; Washington, 8.45 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.20 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3 05 a. m.; New York 6.10 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsp't to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.30 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7.50 a. m. New York, 11.20 a. m.; Baltimore 7.40 a. m.; Washington, 8.50 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.15 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie, and through Pullman Palace cars to Buffalo via Emporium. On Sundays this train runs to Renovo, with Pullman Palace car to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Renovo.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, (daily except Sundays) with through Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches to Rochester.

10.15—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations. On Sundays this train runs only to Williamsport.

1.10 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane. For Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Rochester and Parlor car to Watkins.

5.25 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m.; Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily, arriving at Sunbury 10.15.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1.10 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 8.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.10 a. m.; Washington, 9.40 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.50 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving a Sunbury, 5.20 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.10 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily) arriving at Sunbury 5.1 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia. Sleeper from Washington runs daily except Sunday.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.30 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 11.27 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.55 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.30 p. m., Wilkes-barre 8.00 p. m.

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.30 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.01 p. m., Sunbury 12.55 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

May 10 1884

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED).

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,50 a. m.

For Catawissa, 11.50 a. m. 6.13 and 10.28 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,34 11.45 a. m. and 4.06 p. m.

For Lewisburg and Sunbury, 4.06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, via. Tamaqua 2,00 a. m. and via. Bound Brook Route 7,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9,50 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,55 a. m., Pottsville, 2 p. m. and Tamaqua, 1,35 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6,30 11.15 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9,45 a.m., 4.15 p. m. and 5.10 p. m.

Leave Sunbury 4.19 p. m.

" Lewisburg 4.43 p. m.

Passengers to and from Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager

C. G. HANCOCK, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Jan. 10, 1881—tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH. p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
9 00	1 30	9 25	Scranton	5 50	9 40	2 20
8 54	1 25	9 19	Bellevue	5 55	9 45	2 25
8 48	1 20	9 14	Taylorville	6 01	9 50	2 30
8 40	1 13	9 06	Lackawanna	6 09	9 57	2 38
8 33	1 05	8 59	Pittston	6 17	10 04	2 46
8 27	1 00	8 53	West Pittston	6 22	10 09	2 51
8 22	12 55	8 48	Wyoming	6 28	10 14	2 56
8 17	12 51	8 43	Maltby	6 32	10 17	3 00
8 12	12 48	8 39	Bennett	6 36	10 20	3 03
8 08	12 44	8 35	Kingston	6 40	10 25	3 06
8 08	12 44	8 35	Kingston	6 48	10 25	3 06
8 03	12 39	8 30	Plymouth June	6 50	10 29	3 11
7 59	12 35	8 25	Plymouth	6 55	10 33	3 15
7 54	12 30	8 21	Avondale	7 00	10 37	3 20
7 50	12 26	8 17	Nanticoke	7 05	10 41	3 24
7 43	12 19	8 10	Hunlock's Creek	7 12	10 48	3 32
7 30	12 08	7 [illegible]	Shickshinny	7 24	10 59	3 45
7 18	11 56	7 47	Hick's Ferry	7 47	11 10	3 57
7 11	11 50	7 41	Beach Haven	7 53	11 16	4 03
7 05	11 43	7 34	Berwick	8 00	11 22	4 10
6 58	11 36	7 27	Briar Creek	8 06	11 26	4 16
6 54	11 33	7 23	Willow Grove	8 10	11 39	4 19
6 50	11 29	7 19	Lime Ridge	8 14	11 42	4 23
6 42	11 23	7 11	Espy	8 21	11 48	4 30
6 36	11 17	7 05	Bloomsburg	8 28	11 53	4 36
6 30	11 12	7 00	Rupert	8 34	11 57	4 42
6 25	11 06	6 54	Catawi'a Bridge	8 39	12 02	4 47
6 08	10 53	6 37	Danville	8 55	12 20	5 05
6 00	10 47	6 29	Chulasky	9 02	12 28	5 12
5 55	10 43	6 25	Cameron	9 06	12 32	5 16
5 40	10 30	6 10	Northumberland	9 20	12 50	5 30
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 1882.

JAMES REILLY,

Tonsorial Artist,

again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally.

July 16, '80-tf

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W. Payne, M. D.,

nov 30-1 y Owner & Proprietor.

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April 4-13t e o w